



# MATHEMATICS HSSC-I

## SECTION – A (Marks 20)

Time allowed: 25 Minutes

Section – A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on this page and handed over to the Centre Superintendent. Deleting/overwriting is not allowed.

Do not use lead pencil.

حصہ اول لازمی ہے۔ اس کے جوابات اسی طریقہ پر کرنا ہوں گے کہ اس کے جوابات کو حذف کر دیا جائے۔  
پینسل کی اجازت نہیں ہے۔ سیاہی پینسل کا استعمال نہیں ہے۔

Version No.				
3	0	0	8	3

ROLL NUMBER					

0	●	●	0	0
1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2
●	3	3	3	●
4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	●	8
9	9	9	9	9

0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9

Answer Sheet No. \_\_\_\_\_

Invigilator Sign. \_\_\_\_\_

Fill the relevant bubble against each question according to curriculum:

Candidate Sign. \_\_\_\_\_

Question	A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D
1. What is the period of $3\sin\left(\frac{x}{5}\right)$ ?	$10\pi$	$30\pi$	$\frac{\pi}{5}$	$5\pi$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2. Which of the given options state the solution of $\sin x + \cos x = 0$ ?	$-\frac{\pi}{6}$	$-\frac{2\pi}{3}$	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3. What is the multiplicative inverse of $-i$ ?	1	-1	i	-i	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4. The real part of $\frac{1+7i}{3-4i}$ is:	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	$-\frac{1}{2}$	-1	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5. If A is a matrix of order $3 \times 2$ , then order of the product $A' A$ is:	$3 \times 2$	$3 \times 3$	$2 \times 2$	$2 \times 3$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} i & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & i & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & i \end{bmatrix}$ , then which one in the options is $A^3$ ?	$-iA$	$iA$	$-A$	$A$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7. What is the projection of $\underline{a}$ along $\underline{b}$ if $\underline{a} = 3\underline{i} + \underline{j} - \underline{k}$ and $\underline{b} = \underline{i}$ ?	$\frac{3}{\sqrt{1}}$	$\frac{3}{\sqrt{1}}\underline{i}$	$\frac{3}{\sqrt{11}}$	$\frac{3}{\sqrt{11}}\underline{i}$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8. For what value of $\alpha$ , vectors $4\underline{i} + 16\underline{j} + \alpha\underline{k}$ and $2\underline{i} + 8\underline{j} - 4\underline{k}$ are parallel to each other?	34	92	-8	2	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
9. If $x-3, 6, y+3$ are in A.P then value of $x+y$ is:	12	18	0	6	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
10. The $n^{\text{th}}$ term of a series $3 \times 1^2 + 5 \times 2^2 + 7 \times 3^2 + \dots$ is:	$(2n-1)n^2$	$(2n+1)(n+1)^2$	$(2n+1)n$	$(2n+1)n^2$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>





	Question	A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D
11.	In how many ways 5 persons can be seated at a round table?	4!	$\frac{1}{2}(4!)$	5!	$\frac{1}{2}(5!)$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
12.	What is the probability of drawing a King from a well shuffled pack of 52 playing cards?	$\frac{13}{52}$	$\frac{4}{52}$	$\frac{1}{52}$	$\frac{2}{52}$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
13.	What is the coefficient of $3^{\text{rd}}$ term in the expansion of $\left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^8$ ?	${}^8C_3$	${}^8C_4$	1	${}^8C_2$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
14.	Which one in the given options is true if $2^n > 2(n+1) \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ ?	$n < 3$	$n > 3$	$n < 2$	$n > 2$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
15.	The graph of $y = x^4$ is symmetrical about:	x-axis	y-axis	Origin	$y = x$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
16.	$(-1, -1)$ is a solution of the inequality:	$2x + y < -1$	$4x + 3y > 0$	$-x - 2y < 0$	$2x - y > 1$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
17.	Which of the following options equates $\cos 196^\circ$ ?	$\sin 16^\circ$	$-\sin 16^\circ$	$\cos 16^\circ$	$-\cos 16^\circ$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
18.	If $\cos \beta = \frac{3}{4}$ , then value of $\cos 2\beta$ is:	$\frac{3\sqrt{7}}{8}$	$\frac{-3\sqrt{7}}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{-1}{8}$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
19.	Area of a triangle $\triangle ABC$ (with usual notations) $a = 2$ , $b = \sqrt{3}$ and $\gamma = \frac{\pi}{3}$ is:	$\frac{3}{2}$	3	2	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
20.	What is the shadow length of a $\sqrt{3}m$ high tree if sun's elevation is $45^\circ$ ?	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}m$	$\sqrt{3}m$	1m	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}m$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

— 1HA-12400B-30083(B) —

Result

ROLL NUMBER					







# MATHEMATICS HSSC-I

Time allowed: 2:35 Hours

Total Marks Sections B and C: 80

## SECTION – B (Marks 48)

Q. 2 Solve the following Questions.

(12 x 4 = 48)

(i)	Simplify $z = \frac{(3+i)^3}{3-i}$ in the form $a+ib$ where $i = \sqrt{-1}$ and find the value of $ z $ .	04	OR	Find row rank of $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 2 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	04
(ii)	Solve the system of linear equations. $(3-2i)x + (1+2i)y - 1 = 0$ $(3+2i)x - (1-2i)y - 1 = 0$	04	OR	If 4 <sup>th</sup> and 10 <sup>th</sup> terms of a HP are $\frac{2}{15}$ and $\frac{2}{33}$ respectively, then find its 23 <sup>rd</sup> term.	04
(iii)	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 9 & 2 \\ 4 & 8 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ , then show that $(A+A')$ is symmetric.	04	OR	For what value of $p$ , vectors $3p\hat{i} + 11\hat{j} - 5\hat{k}$ and $2p\hat{i} + p\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ are mutually perpendicular?	04
(iv)	Find the volume of a tetrahedron with vertices $A(1,2,2)$ , $B(2,1,1)$ , $C(3,3,4)$ and $D(0,1,5)$	04	OR	Insert four A.Ms between 5 and 25.	04
(v)	If 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 6 <sup>th</sup> terms of a GP are 3 and $\frac{3}{4}$ respectively, find its 16 <sup>th</sup> term.	04	OR	Sum to n-terms the series $1.5 + 2.6 + 3.7 + 4.8 + \dots$	04
(vi)	How many 7-digit different numbers can be formed from the digits 5,5,6,6,9,9,9 using all and how many of them are greater than 9,950,000?	04	OR	Prove that $1+4+7+\dots+(3n-2) = \frac{n(3n-1)}{2}$ by using the mathematical induction.	04
(vii)	For a real valued function $f(x) = \frac{5x-2}{x+2}$ , $x \neq -2$ find $f^{-1}(x)$ and determine its domain and range.	04	OR	If $\cos \alpha = \frac{3}{5}$ , $\sin \beta = \frac{5}{13}$ with $\frac{\pi}{2} < \beta < \pi$ and $\frac{3\pi}{2} < \alpha < 2\pi$ , then find the value of $\sin(\alpha + \beta)$	04
(viii)	State number of diagonals of an n-sided polygon and find number of diagonals of a nine sided polygon.	04	OR	Prove that $\sin 2\theta + \sin 4\theta + \sin 6\theta + \sin 8\theta = 4 \sin \theta \cos 2\theta \cos 4\theta$	04
(ix)	Find the equation of a parabola $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ that cuts x-axis at points $(-4,0)$ , $(4,0)$ and passes through a point $(0,8)$ .	04	OR	A pair of fair dice is thrown. The number of dots on the top are added. What is the probability of getting a sum greater than 9 or a sum divisible by 5.	04
(x)	Verify that $\cos^4 \theta = \frac{1}{8}(3 + 2\cos 2\theta + \cos 4\theta)$	04	OR	Solve triangle ABC with $\alpha = 31^\circ 5'$ , $\beta = 50^\circ 55'$ and $C = 13\text{cm}$ using usual notations.	04
(xi)	Find radii of the escribed circles of triangle ABC opposite to the largest and smallest sides given that $a=13$ , $b=10$ and $c=7$ (using usual notations)	04	OR	Without drawing, guess the graph of $y = \sin \frac{\theta}{5}$ and find its period, frequency and amplitude.	04
(xii)	Verify that $2S = 8R \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} \sin \frac{\beta}{2} \cos \frac{\gamma}{2}$	04	OR	Verify that $\tan^{-1} \frac{3}{4} - \tan^{-1} \frac{4}{3} + 2 \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{7} = 0$	04

## SECTION – C (Marks 32)

Note: Solve the following Questions.

(4 x 8 = 32)

(Use of graph paper is not necessary. Candidates can make their own grid on answer book)

Q.3	Find inverse of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$	08	OR	If $\underline{a} = -10\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$ and $\underline{b} = \hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ then find a unit vector orthogonal to $\underline{a} \times \underline{b}$ . Also find angle between the vectors $\underline{a}$ and $\underline{b}$ .	08
Q.4	Use Gauss Jordan method to solve the system of linear equations: $x - 2y + z = 3$ ; $3x + 5y = 11$ ; $4y + 3z = 13$	08	OR	If $y = \frac{1}{2(1!)}\left(\frac{1}{6}\right) + \frac{1.3}{4(2!)}\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^2 + \frac{1.3.5}{8(3!)}\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^3 + \dots$ then verify that $5y^2 + 10y - 1 = 0$	08
Q.5	Find point of intersection of the functions $f(x) = -x + 6$ and $g(x) = x^2 - 4x + 6$ graphically.	08	OR	Find general solution of a trigonometric equation $3\cos x + 3 = 2\sin^2 x$	08
Q.6	Find maximum and minimum values of a function $f(x, y) = 2x + 3y$ subject to the constraints $x + 2y \leq 10$ , $3x + y \leq 9$ , $9x + 8y \leq 72$ , $x \geq 0$ , $y \geq 0$	08	OR	Sketch the graph of $y = 2\cos \frac{\theta}{2}$ ; $-\pi \leq \theta \leq \pi$	08



# **MATHEMATICS HSSC-I** **SECTION – A (Marks 20)**

Time allowed: 25 Minutes

Section – A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on this page and handed over to the Centre Superintendent. Deleting/overwriting is not allowed.

Do not use lead pencil.

حصہ اول لازمی ہے۔ اس کے جوابات اسی صفحہ پر کرنا ہوں گے، کہ ناکال کر کے حوالے کریں گے۔  
پینسل کا استعمال نہ کریں۔

Version No.				
3	2	0	8	1

ROLL NUMBER					

- 0 0 0 0 0  
1 1 1 1 1  
2 2 2 2 2  
3 3 3 3 3  
4 4 4 4 4  
5 5 5 5 5  
6 6 6 6 6  
7 7 7 7 7  
8 8 8 8 8  
9 9 9 9 9

- 0 0 0 0 0 0  
1 1 1 1 1 1  
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3 3 3 3 3 3  
4 4 4 4 4 4  
5 5 5 5 5 5  
6 6 6 6 6 6  
7 7 7 7 7 7  
8 8 8 8 8 8  
9 9 9 9 9 9

Answer Sheet No. \_\_\_\_\_

Invigilator Sign. \_\_\_\_\_

Fill the relevant bubble against each question according to curriculum:

Candidate Sign. \_\_\_\_\_

Question	A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D
1. If $z = -3 - 5i$ then value of $\bar{z} - z$ is:	$3 + 10i$	6	$6 + 10i$	$10i$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2. What is the modulus of complex number $\frac{4+2i}{1-2i}$ ?	$\frac{10}{3}$	$\frac{10}{\sqrt{5}}$	2	4	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3. For what value of $x$ , $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & x & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ is a singular matrix?	0	1	$\frac{1}{12}$	12	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4. If $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix} A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ , then order of matrix $A$ is:	$2 \times 2$	$2 \times 3$	$3 \times 2$	$3 \times 3$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5. For what value of $\alpha$ , vectors $3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - \hat{k}$ and $\hat{i} - \alpha\hat{j}$ have the same magnitude?	25	$\pm 5$	$\sqrt{23}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6. If $ \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}  =  \vec{a} \times \vec{b} $ then angle between vectors $\vec{a}$ and $\vec{b}$ is:	$30^\circ$	$45^\circ$	$90^\circ$	$180^\circ$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7. For what value of $q$ , numbers $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{q}$ are in H.P?	$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{1}{15}$	7	15	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8. $n^{\text{th}}$ term of a series $2 \times 1^2 + 4 \times 2^2 + 6 \times 3^2 + \dots$ is:	$(2n)n^2$	$(2n+1)n^2$	$(2n+2)n^2$	$2n^2$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
9. In how many ways 5 keys can be arranged on a circular key ring?	$5!$	$\frac{1}{2}(5!)$	$4!$	$\frac{1}{2}(4!)$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
10. What is the probability of getting one head on tossing two fair coins?	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{2}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{4}{4}$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>





Question	A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D
11. In the expansion of $\left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{11}$ 6 <sup>th</sup> term from end is:	5 <sup>th</sup>	6 <sup>th</sup>	7 <sup>th</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
12. For which given least value of $n$ , the expression $n! > (2^n - 1)$ remains true?	1	2	3	4	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
13. The graph of $y = 2x^2 - 6x$ cuts x-axis at point(s):	(0,0) only	(3,0) only	(0,0), (3,0)	(0,0), (-3,0)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
14. (0,0) is NOT a solution of the inequality:	$x + y + 1 > 0$	$x - y < 1$	$2x + y < 1$	$-2x + y + 1 < 0$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
15. Which one of the given options, equates $\sin(254^\circ)$ ?	$\cos 16^\circ$	$-\cos 16^\circ$	$\sin 16^\circ$	$-\sin 16^\circ$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
16. Which one of the given options, equates $2\sin 7x \sin 3x$ ?	$\cos 10x - \cos 4x$	$\cos 10x + \cos 4x$	$\cos 4x - \cos 10x$	$-\cos 4x - \cos 10x$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
17. What is the area of triangle $\triangle ABC$ with $a = 2, c = 4, \beta = \frac{\pi}{6}$ (usual notations)	2	$2\sqrt{3}$	4	$4\sqrt{3}$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
18. If shadow length of a building is $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ times its height, the elevation angle of sun is:	$30^\circ$	$45^\circ$	$60^\circ$	$90^\circ$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
19. What is the period of $5\sec\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)$ ?	$\frac{2\pi}{3}$	$3\pi$	$6\pi$	$30\pi$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
20. One solution of the equation $\cos x + \sin x = \sqrt{2}$ is:	$-\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{2\pi}{4}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

— 1HA-I 24008- 32081 (D) —

Result

ROLL NUMBER					





# MATHEMATICS HSSC-I

32

Time allowed: 2:35 Hours

Total Marks Sections B and C: 80

## SECTION - B (Marks 48)

Q. 2 Solve the following Questions.

(12 x 4 = 48)

(i)	Simplify $z = \frac{(4-6i)(2+i)}{(3+i)(1+i)}$ in the form $a+ib$ where $i = \sqrt{-1}$ and find the value of $ z $ .	04	OR	Find the value of $x$ , if $\begin{bmatrix} x+1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & x+9 \end{bmatrix}$ is a singular matrix.	04
(ii)	Solve the system of linear equations. $(2+3i)x + (1-i)y - 11 = 0$ $(1+i)x + (2-3i)y - 11 = 0$	04	OR	A particle acted by constant force $2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ , $\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$ is displaced from point $P(0, -2, -3)$ to point $Q(2, 0, 6)$ . Find the work done.	04
(iii)	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 8 & 6 \\ 6 & 7 & 5 \\ 5 & 6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ , then show that $(A - A')$ is skew-symmetric.	04	OR	Find number of different arrangements that can be made from the letters of word PARALLELLOGRAM (using all) and how many of these begin with PE and end with OM?	04
(iv)	Insert four G.M.s between 7 and 1701	04	OR	Find the volume of a parallelepiped with adjacent edges defined by vertices. $A(0, 1, 2)$ , $B(1, 2, 1)$ , $C(5, 5, 6)$ and $D(3, 3, 1)$	04
(v)	The 11 <sup>th</sup> and 19 <sup>th</sup> terms of an AP are 42 and 74 respectively. Find the sum of first 20 terms of AP.	04	OR	Sum to $n$ -terms the series $1.2 + 2.3 + 3.4 + \dots$	04
(vi)	Verify that $3 + 7 + 11 + \dots + (4n-1) = n(2n+1)$ by using the mathematical induction.	04	OR	Find the values of ' $n$ ' and ' $r$ ' if ${}^nP_r = 15120$ and ${}^nC_r = 126$	04
(vii)	In an HP, 8 <sup>th</sup> term is $\frac{2}{5}$ and 17 <sup>th</sup> term is $\frac{2}{11}$ . Find 35 <sup>th</sup> term of the HP.	04	OR	For a real valued function $f(x) = \frac{3x-2}{x+4}$ , find $f^{-1}(x)$ and determine its domain and range.	04
(viii)	In a single throw of two fair dice, the number of dots on the top are added. Find the probability of getting a sum of 7 or 9.	04	OR	Without drawing, guess the graph of $y = \cos \frac{1}{6}\theta$ . Also find its period, frequency and amplitude.	04
(ix)	If $\sec \alpha = \frac{5}{4}$ , $\sec \beta = \frac{13}{5}$ with $\frac{3\pi}{2} < \alpha < 2\pi$ and $\frac{3\pi}{2} < \beta < 2\pi$ , then find the value of $\tan(\alpha + \beta)$ .	04	OR	Solve triangle $ABC$ with $a=15$ , $c=20$ and $\beta=60^\circ$ using usual notations.	04
(x)	Verify that $\cos 3\theta + \cos 5\theta + \cos 7\theta + \cos 9\theta = 4 \cos \theta \cos 2\theta \cos 6\theta$	04	OR	Find radii ('R' and 'r') of circumscribed and inscribed circles of triangle $ABC$ with side measures $a=4\text{cm}$ , $b=7\text{cm}$ and $c=9\text{cm}$ (use usual notations).	04
(xi)	Verify that $2r = 8R \sin \frac{\alpha}{2} \sin \frac{\beta}{2} \sin \frac{\gamma}{2}$ (use usual notations).	04	OR	Verify $\sin^4 \theta = \frac{1}{8}(3 + \cos 4\theta - 4\cos 2\theta)$	04
(xii)	Verify that $\left(\sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} + \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}\right) + \left(\cos^{-1} \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} + \cos^{-1} \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2}$	04	OR	Find equation of a parabola $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ ( $\forall a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$ ) that cuts $x$ -axis at points $(-5, 0)$ , $(4, 0)$ and passes through a point $(1, 18)$	04

## SECTION - C (Marks 32)

Note: Solve the following Questions.

(Use of graph paper is not necessary. Candidates can make their own grid on answer book)

(4 x 8 = 32)

Q.3	Find inverse of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$	08	OR	Find a vector of magnitude 14 units orthogonal to vectors $\underline{a} = -\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}$ and $\underline{b} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{k}$ both. Also find angle between the vectors $\underline{a}$ and $\underline{b}$ .	08
Q.4	Use Gauss Jordan method to solve the system of linear equations. $-x + y + 2z = 2$ ; $3x - y + z = 6$ ; $-x + 3y + 4z = 4$	08	OR	Find the point of intersection graphically from the following functions. $f(x) = -x + 4$ ; $g(x) = x^2 - 3x + 1$	08
Q.5	If $y = \frac{1}{(1!)^2} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \frac{1.3}{(2!)^4} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{1.3.5}{(3!)^8} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^3 + \dots$ , then prove that $3y^2 + 6y - 1 = 0$	08	OR	Find general solution of a trigonometric equation $\cos 2x = \sin x$	08
Q.6	Find maximum and minimum values of a function $f(x, y) = 3x + 2y$ subject to the constraints $x + 2y \leq 8$ , $5x - 2y \leq 10$ , $7x - 5y \geq -35$ , $x \geq 0$ , $y \geq 0$	08	OR	Sketch the graph of $y = \sin \frac{\theta}{2}$ ; $-\pi \leq \theta \leq \pi$	08