## MODEL PAPER PHYSICS CLASS 10

NOTE: Attempt all questions of Section-A by filling the corresponding bubble on the MCQs RESPONSE SHEET. It is mandatory to return the attempted MCQs sheet to the Superintended within given time

## Section-A

Time: 20 Minutes
Marks: 12

## 1. Choose the correct option for the following.

i. Simple Harmonic Motion is a special type of:
A. Translatory Motion
B. Rotatory Motion
C. Oscillatory Motion
D. Circulatory Motion
ii. Speed of sound in air at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is $331 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ speed will be:
A. $340 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $341 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $342 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $343 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
iii. Which property of light waves remains same during the refraction of light?
A. Speed
B. Frequency
C. Wavelength
D. Direction
iv. The speed of light in water having refractive index 1.5 is:
A. $2 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $2.5 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $3 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $3.5 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
v. The SI unit of Electric Field Intensity is:
A. $\mathrm{JC}^{-1}$
B. $\mathrm{NC}^{-1}$
C. $\mathrm{Nm}^{-1}$
D. $\mathrm{VC}^{-1}$
vi. The power rating of a lamp connected to a 15 V source when it carries 2 A current is:
A. 7.5 W
B.10W
C. 20 W
D. 30 W
vii. Which form of energy is converted into electrical energy by generator?
A. Chemical
B. Nuclear
C. Mechanical
D. Thermal
viii. If magnetic field is applied perpendicular to the direction of electron beam, the electrons will be:
A. Speed up
B. Slow down
C. Deflected
D. Undeflected
ix. The term E-mail stands for:
A. Emergency mail
B. Electronic mail
C. External mail
D. Extra mail
$x$. The diameter of nucleus is approximately:
A. $10^{-10} \mathrm{~m}$
B. $10^{-12} \mathrm{~m}$
C. $10^{-15} \mathrm{~m}$
D. $10^{-18} \mathrm{~m}$
xi. Release of energy by sun is due to:
A. Nuclear Fusion
B. Nuclear Fission
C. Burning of gases
D. Chemical Reaction
xii. Two capacitors of $6 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ are connected in series, the equivalent capacitance is:
A. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
B. $2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
C. $3 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
D. $4 \mu \mathrm{~F}$

1. Attempt any EIGHT of the following short questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
i. What happens to sound when it strikes a:
(a) Flat surface
(b) Parabolic surface
(c) Porous surface
(d) Jagged Surface
ii. What is the effect of medium on speed of sound? In which medium sound travels faster? Justify your answer.
iii. Define the terms: Refraction, Normal, Angle of refraction, Angle of incidence.
iv. How does electrostatic induction differ from charging by friction?
v. State Ohm's Law and derive its mathematical form.
vi. Explain why it is possible for birds to perch safely on high tension wires without being electrocuted.
vii. A 2 m long wire carries a current of 6 A , at right angle to a uniform magnetic field of 0.04 T . Determine the force exerted on the wire.
viii. What is CRO? Write its three uses.
ix. Explain the transmission of radio waves through space.
x. Cobalt-60 is a radioactive element with half-life of 5.25 years. What fraction of the original sample will be left after 26 years?
xi. Define radioactivity. Write the effect of alpha, beta and gamma emission on parent nucleus?


Attempt any three of the following questions.
Marks: 21
3. a. What is Simple Harmonic Motion? Show that simple pendulum executes Simple Harmonic Motion.
b. Find the time period of simple pendulum having length 1 m placed at the surface of moon. ( $\mathrm{g}=1.63 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ ).
4. a. Using diagrams, explain under what condition total internal reflection occur? Construct equation for critical angle? 4
b. Find the critical angle for light traveling from glass ( $n=1.502$ ) to air ( $n=1.002$ ). 3
5. a. Show that potential difference can be describe as energy transfer per unit charge between two points. Also define its unit.

4
b. The potential difference between two points is 220 V . When an unknown charge is moved between these two points, the work done is 750J. What is the magnitude of charge? 3
6. a. What is meant by electromagnetic induction? Which factors effect the magnitude of induced emf?

4
b. A 20 cm wire at $30^{\circ}$ to uniform magnetic field of 0.08 T is exerted by a force of 0.024 N . What is the magnitude of current flowing through the wire?

