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2	2	2	2	2) (2) (2		2)	2	2	2			
3	3	3	3	3) (3) (3		3)	3	3	3	Answer Sheet No		
4	4	4	4	(4) (4) (4		Ð	4	4	4			
5	5	5	5	(5) (5) (5		5	5	5	5	Sign. of Candidate		
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8	8	8	8	8) (8) (8		3)	8	8	8	Sign. of Invigilator		
9	9	9	9	9) (9) (9		9	9	9	9			
					CO	MP	UT	E	RS	CII	ENC	CE HSSC-II		
							SEC Fim	TT e a	ION Illow	– A red: 2	(Mar 20 M	:ks 15) inutes		
Section to the	ection – A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on this page and handed over the Centre Superintendent. Deleting/overwriting is not allowed. Do not use lead paneil													

Q.1 Fill the relevant bubble for each part. Each part carries one mark.

1.	Which one of the fo	ollowing states tra	ansit	ions is valid?							
	A. Ready to Blo	ocked ()	В.	Blocked to Running	0						
	C. Running to Re	eady Ō	D.	Terminated to Running	Ō						
2.	Which one of the fo	llowing types of	proce	essing has grouped transaction	is, executed in						
	a sequence?				-						
	A. Real-time	0	В.	Batch	0						
	C. Time-sharing	0	D.	Distributed	0						
3.	Which one of the fo	llowing DOS cor	nmar	nds is used to display content	of the						
	directory?	ACII	IT								
	A. DIR		В.	CD	0						
	C. MD	0	D.	VIEW	0						
4.	Identify the type of	system conversion	on in	which the old system is dir	ectly replaced						
	by the new system:										
	A. Pilot	0	B.	Parallel	0						
	C. Direct	0	D.	Phased	0						
5.	If $a = 10$; $b = a + +;$	what will be the	valu	e stored in b?							
	A. 1	Ο	B.	9	0						
	C. 10	Ō	D.	11	Ō						
6.	Which one of the fo	llowing statement	s trar	sfers the control to the start of	of loop body?						
	A. Switch	Õ	B.	Continue	Ô						
	C. Break	Ŏ	D.	Exit	Ŏ						
7.	If $x = 5$ which one	of the following	acces	sses the seventh element sto	red in an						
, .	array A?										
	A. $A[x++]$	0	B.	A[++x]	0						
	C. A[7]	Ŏ	D.	A[x]	ŏ						
	L'J	Ŭ	_	L J	\mathbf{i}						
	Page 1 of 2										

8.	The phenomenon of having two or more functions in a program with the same name but different numbers and types of parameters is called:											
	A.	Inline function	Ο	B.	Nested function	0						
	C.	Function overloading	ng ()	D.	Recursive function	0						
9.	The de	reference operator is	s denoted	by:								
	A.	*	0	B.	&	0						
	C.	**	0	D.	&&	0						
10.	Which float?	one of the following	g indicates	s the add	dress of a variable "temp" of	of type						
	A.	float temp&	0	B.	&temp	0						
	C.	&float temp	0	D.	temp&	0						
11.	Which	one of the following	g is the de	fault ac	cess specifier of C++ class?	2						
	A.	Private	0	B.	Public	0						
	C.	Protected	0	D.	Default	0						
12.	The ab misuse	ility of a class to hid	le the info	rmation	from outside interference a	nd						
	A.	Encapsulation	\bigcirc	B.	Polymorphism	\bigcirc						
	C.	Inheritance	Ŏ	D.	Abstraction	Õ						
13.	Which	one of the following	g classes i	nherits	the base class capabilities?							
	A.	Abstract	0	B.	Parent	0						
	C.	Super	Ō	D.	Child	Ō						
14.	Identif	y the header file nee	eded to rea	d, write	e, and manipulate the file:							
	A.	Ifstream	Q	B.	Ofstream	Q						
	C.	Istream	0	D.	Fstream	0						
15.	Which	one of the following	g function	s is used	d to write a single character	to a file?						
	A. C	get()		Ъ. –	gets()	X						
	U.	put()	\cup	D.	write()	U						

Page 2 of 2



Time allowed: 2.40 hours

Total Marks: 60

Note: Answer any twelve parts from Section 'B' and attempt any three questions from Section 'C' on the separately provided answer book. Write your answers neatly and legibly.

SECTION – B (Marks 36)

- **Q.2** Attempt any **TWELVE** parts from the following. All parts carry equal marks. (12×3=36)
 - i. Briefly write down three functions of an Operating System. (3)
 - ii. Differentiate between process and thread along with one example of each. (2+1)
 - iii.Write down the reasons of the following invalid variable names:(3)i.3aii.S\$iii.float
 - iv. What will be the output of the following program segment? (1+1+1)int x = 3, y = 17;

$$cout \ll x / y \ll y / x \ll (y / x) + (x \% y);$$

- v. Write down the output of the following statements: (1+1+1)i. (x > 0) && (y < 10) where x = 5, y = 5
 - ii. 13 + 21 % 4 2
 - iii. int m = 2, n = 4;m *= 2;
 - n += m;

vi. Write a C++ program that prints sum of squares of integers from 1 to 10. (3)

- vii. Rewrite the following program segment using conditional operator. (3)
 - if (a > b) large = a; else large = b;
- viii.Compare strcpy() and strcat() functions with examples.(1+2)ix.Rewrite the program segment after removing errors:(3)

int a{10}, i; cout >> " enter ten numbers ; for (i = 1; i < 10: i++) cin << a{i};</pre>

- x. List three advantages of using function overloading in a program. (3)
- xi. Write down the syntax of function prototype for the following functions: (1+1+1)
 - a. A function named **table** with one integer parameter by value.
 - b. A function named **area** with no parameters and returns a float.
 - c. A function named **large** with two floating point numbers by reference.
- xii. If **ptr** is a pointer variable, what will be the difference among the following statements? (1.5+1.5)

cout << **ptr**; cout << ***ptr**;

Page 1 of 2

	X111.	Define public	(3)									
	xiv.	Define a class function get()	embers including (3)									
	XV.	Write down th	e use of bof() and eof	() func	tions.	(1.5+1.5)						
	xvi.	Write down th	e purpose of any three	e mode	s of file opening.	(3)						
	SECTION – C (Marks 24)											
Note: Attempt any THREE questions. All questions carry equal marks. $(3 \times 8 = 24)$												
Q.3	What are the objectives of System Development Life Cycle? Explain the followingphases of SDLC:(2+3+3)FeasibilityRequirementEngineering											
Q.4	i. ii.	 i. Describe any two types of loops. (4) ii. Write a C++ program that reads a number and prints whether it is prime or composite. (4) 										
Q.5	Determine the output of the following C++ program and fill the columns of the given table. (2+3+3) void main(void) { int a [6] = {12,27,36,55,72,83}; int i, s = 0, v=0; for (i = 0; i <= 5; i++) { if(a [i] % 3 == 0)											
	$cout << a [i];s = s + a [i];v = s * 3 - a [i] % 7;cout << s << '\t' << v;$											
	js											
		0	w1x1		5	•						
		1										
		3										
		4										
		5	5									

Q.6 Write a C++ program to calculate the factorial of a number. The program inputs a number and pass it by reference to a user-defined function **factorial**. (4+4)



COMPUTER SCIENCE HSSC-II

Student Learning Outcomes

(Curriculum 2009)

Sr No	Section: Q. No.	Contents and Scope	Cognitive Level **	Allocated Marks in	
	(Part no.)				Model Paper
1	A: 1(i)	1.3 Process Management	ii) Describe the new, running, waiting/blocked, ready and terminated states of a process	U	1
2	A:1(ii)	1.1 Introduction to Operating System	 iii) Explain the following types of operating system: • Batch processing Operating System • Multi- programming Operating System • Multi-tasking Operating System • Time -Sharing Operating System • Real-Time Operating System • Multi- processor Operating System • Parallel Processing Operating Systems • Distributed Operating Systems • Embedded Operating System 	U	1
3	A: 1(iii)	1.1 Introduction to Operating System	ii) Describe commonly used operating systems (DOS, Windows, Unix, Macintosh)	U	1
4	A: 1(iv)	2.1 System Development Life Cycle	v) Explain the following: Deployment/Implementation	K	1
5	A: 1(v)	3.4 Operators in C++	i) Define the following operators and show their use with examples: Increment and decrement operators (++,) - Prefix - Postfix	U	1
6	A: 1(vi)	4.2 Loops	ii) Use continue statement	U	1
7	A: 1(vii)	5.1 Introduction	iii) Explain the following terms related to arrays • Size of array • Name of array • Index	U	1
8	A: 1(viii)	6.3 Function overloading	iii) Understand the use of functionoverloading with: • Number ofarguments • Data types of arguments• Return types	К	1
9	A: 1(ix)	7.1 Pointers	iv) Know the use of dereference operator (*)	K	1
10	A: 1(x)	7.1 Pointers	ii) Understand memory addresses iii)Know the use of reference operator(&)	U	1
11	A: 1(xi)	8.1 Classes	iii) Understand and access specifier: •Private • Public	U	1
12	A: 1(xii)	8.1 Classes	iv) Know the concept of data hiding	К	1
13	A: 1(xiii)	8.1 Classes	vii) Understand the concept of following only with daily life examples: Inheritance	U	1
14	A: 1(xiv)	9.1 File Handling	ii) Open the file • Modes of opening file	K	1
15	A: 1(xv)	9.1 File	Use the following streams • Single	Κ	1

		Handling	character		
16	B: 2(i)	1.2 Operating	Describe the following main functions	К	3
		System Functions	of operating system: • Process		
			Management • Memory Management •		
			File Management • I/O System		
			Management • Secondary Storage		
			Management • Network Management •		
			Protection System • Command-		
			Interpreter		
17	B: 2(ii)	1.3 Process	iii) Differentiate between: • Thread and	U	2+1
		Management	process		
18	B: 2(iii)	3.2 C++	i) Explain the difference between constant	U	3
		Constants and	and variable ii) Explain the rules for		
		Variables	specifying variable names		
19	B: 2(iv)	3.2 C++	vi) Use type casting	U	1+1+1
		Constants			
		and			
		Variables			
		3.4	1) Define the following operators and		
		Operators	Show their use with examples: Arithmetic operators $(+ * / \%)$		
		in C++	Antimietic operators $(1, -, 1, 7, 7)$		
20	B: 2(v)	3.4	iv) Define and explain the order of	U	1+1+1
		Operators	precedence of operators		
		in C++			
21	B: 2(vi)	4.2 Loops	i) Explain the use of the following looping	А	3
			structures: • For • While • Do-while		
22	B: 2(vii)	3.4 Operators in	i) Define the following operators and	U	3
		C++	show their use with examples:		
			Ternary operator (? :)		
		4.1 Decisions	i) Explain the use of the following		
			decision statements: If-else		
23	B: 2(v111)	5.3 Strings	iv) Explain the most commonly	U	1+2
			used string functions		-
24	B: 2(ix)	5.1 Introduction	v) Explain how to access and write at an	U	3
			index in an array		-
25	B: 2(x)	6.3 Function	ii) Know advantages of function	K	3
		overloading	overloading		
26	B: 2(xi)	6.1 Functions	iv) Explain the following terms related to	U	1+1+1
			definition • Function call		
27	$B \cdot 2(xii)$	7 1 Pointers	ii) Understand memory addresses	II	1 5+1 5
21	D. 2(XII)	7.110111011	iv) Know the use of dereference operator	U	1.5 + 1.5
			(*)		
28	B· 2(viii)	8 1 Classes	iii) Understand and access specifier:	K	3
20	D . 2(AIII)	0.1 Classes	Private • Public	IX .	5
29	$B \cdot 2(xiy)$	8 1 Classes	iii) Understand and access specifier:	Δ	3
	D. 2(AIV)	0.1 0100000	• Private • Public	11	5
30	$\mathbf{B} \cdot 2(\mathbf{x}\mathbf{y})$	0 1 File	iii) Know the concept of \bullet BOE \bullet EOE	K	1 5+1 5
50	D. 2(AV)	Handling	my know the concept of • BOF • EOF	IX.	1.5 1.5
31	$B \cdot 2(yyi)$	9 1 File	ii) Open the file • Modes of opening	K	3
	D. 2(AVI)	Handling	file	17	5
32	$C \cdot 3$	2 1 System	iii) Describe objectives of SDI C	K	2
52	0.5	Development	y) Explain the following: • Feasibility	IX.	$\frac{2}{3}$
		Life Cycle	Requirement Engineering		3
32	$C \cdot A$		i) Explain the use of the following	I ⊺+ Λ	J 1+3
55	0. 7	T.I Decisions	decision statements: • Flee if	\mathbf{O} \mathbf{A}	1 ' J
1	1	DECISIONS			

		4.2 Loops	ii) Explain the use of the following looping structures: • For • While • do- While		1+3
34	C: 5	5.1 Introduction	 iv) Explain how to define and initialize an array of different sizes and data types v) Explain how to access and write at an index in an array vi) Explain how to traverse an array using all loop structures 	U	2 3 3
35	C: 6	6.2 Passing arguments and returning values	i) Pass the arguments: • Constants • By value • By reference	A	4 4

* Student Learning Outcomes National Curriculum for Computer Sciences Grades IX-XII, 2009 (Page no. 26-36)

****Cognitive Level** K: Knowledge U: Understanding A: Application



COMPUTER SCIENCE HSSC-II Table of Specifications

Assessment Objectives		Unit 1: Operating System 10%	Unit 2: System Development Life Cycle 10%	Unit 3: Object Oriented Programming Using C++ 10%	Unit 4: Control Structure 15%	Unit 5: Arrays and Strings 15%	Unit 6: Functions 15%	Unit 7: Pointers 5%	Unit 8: Objects and Classes 10%	Unit 9: File Handling 10%	Marks	Total marks (75 Theory + 25 Practical)	% age
	Section - A		1-4-(01)				1-8-(01)	1-9-(01)	1-12-(01)	1-14-(01) 1-15-(01)	6		30.5%
Knowledge based	Section - B	2-i-(03)					2-x-(03)		2-xiii-(03)	2-xv-(03) 2-xvi-(03)	15	29	
	Section - C		3(08)								8		
Lindonaton dia a	Section - A	1-1-(01) 1-2-(01) 1-3-(01)		1-5-(01)	1-6-(01)	1-7-(01)		1-10-(01)	1-11-(01) 1-13-(01)		9	48	50.5%
based	Section - B	2-ii-(03)		2-iii-(03) 2-iv-(03) 2-v-(03)	2-vii-(03)	2-viii-(03) 2-ix-(03)	2-xi-(03)	2-xii-(03)			27		
	Section - C				4(04)	5(08 <mark>)</mark>					12		
	Section - A										0		
Application based	Section - B			2.50	2-vi-(03)	JK			2-xiv-(03)		6	18	19%
	Section - C				4(04)		6(08)				12		
Total mar	ks	9	9	10	15	15	15	5	9	8		95	100%

KEY: 1-1-(01)

Question No - Part No - (Allocated Marks)