



BOARD OF INTERMEDIATE & SECONDARY EDUCATION HYDERABAD
Excellence – Equity - Empathy
MATHEMATICS MODEL PAPER (CLASS XI)

Time: 2 Hours

M. Marks: 100

Note: (i) Attempt all questions. Each question carries one mark.
(ii) Write only the answer in full on the first specified page of answer copy with choice (A, B, C & D)

SECTION "A"

Marks: 50

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (MCQS)

Q.No.1 Choose the correct answer for each from the given options:

- 1) If A and B be sub sets of set U such that $A \cup B = U$ then set A and B are called _____ sets.
(a) Cells (b) Exhaustive (c) Difference (d) N.O.T
- 2) The imaginary part of $(x + 2yi)^2$ is _____.
(a) $4xy$ (b) $-4xy$ (c) $x^2 - 4y^2$ (d) N.O.T
- 3) The roots of the equation $2x^2 + 5x - 1 = 0$ are:
(a) Equal and real (b) Imaginary (c) Rational (d) Irrational
- 4) If the terms of A.p decrease in magnitude then common difference must be:
(a) -1 (b) 0 (c) +ve (d) -ve
- 5) The intersection fo two overlapping set is _____.
(a) Empty (b) Non-Empty (c) Equal (d) Real
- 6) The sum of the first n even natural number is _____.
(a) $n(n+1)$ (b) $\frac{1}{2}(n+1)$ (c) $\frac{1}{2}n(n+1)$ (d) $2n$
- 7) If $\sin x = \frac{1}{2}$ then $x =$ _____.
(a) $\frac{\pi}{6}, 5\frac{\pi}{6}$ (b) $-\frac{\pi}{6}, 5\frac{\pi}{6}$ (c) $-\frac{\pi}{6}, -5\frac{\pi}{6}$ (d) $\frac{\pi}{3}, 2\frac{\pi}{3}$
- 8) The point of intersection of right bisector of the sides of triangle is know as:
(a) in-circle (b) E-circle (c) Circum Centre
(d) Circumference of triangle
- 9) Product of any non-zero complex numbers with its conjugates is a:
(a) Real number (b) Complex number (c) 0 (d) 1
- 10) For sequence $\{a_n\}$ the quotient $\frac{a_n}{a_{n-1}}$ is called _____.
(a) Common difference (b) Common Ratio (c) G.M (d) H.M
- 11) An arrangements of finite number of object some or all at a time is called a _____.
(a) Combination (b) Permutation (c) Set (d) N.O.T
- 12) A gentlemen has 6 rooms for guests. In how many ways can be accommodate 3 guests.
(a) 3 (b) 18 (c) 120 (d) 240
- 13) The value of $(i)^{400}$ is _____.
(a) I (b) -i (c) 1 (d) -1
- 14) Which one is a factor of $9x^2 + 25y^2$
(a) $2x + 5y$ (b) $3x - 5y$ (c) $3x + 5iy$ (d) $3ix - 5iy$
- 15) Let P(n) be a proposition which is true for $n=1$ and its true for $n=k$ implies its trueness for $n=k + 1$ then P(n) is true for all:
(a) real n (b) rational n (c) integral n (d) natural n
- 16) The measure of three angles of triangle are in ration 1:2:3 the triangle is _____.
(a) Right angled (b) Equilateral (c) Isosceles (d) N.O.T
- 17) In the binomial expansion of $(x + y)^n$ the coefficient of first and last term are:
(a) irrational (b) complex (c) equal (d) unequal
- 18) $\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{6} + \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{6} =$ _____.
(a) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{2}$ (c) 1 (d) 2
- 19) An arc of unit length of circle of unit radius makes a central angle of:
(a) Zero radian (b) 1 degree (c) 1 radian (d) N.O.T
- 20) $\sin^2 \theta =$ _____.
(a) $1 - \cos^2 \theta$ (b) $\frac{1 - \cos 2\theta}{2}$ (c) both a and b (d) N.O.T
- 21) If $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$, $B = \{1, 2\}$ then which of the following relation is correct.
(a) $A \cap B \subseteq A$ (b) $A \cap B \subseteq A \cup B$ (c) $A \cup B \subseteq A$ (d) All of these
- 22) The set of complex number is defined as:
(a) $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$ (b) $\{(a, b) \mid a \in A, b \in B\}$ (c) $\{(a, b) \mid a, b \in \mathbb{R}\}$ (d) N.O.T
- 23) If ω is complex root of unity and $w^n = w^2$ then n is:
(a) 1 (b) $3K, K \in \mathbb{N}$ (c) $3K + 1, K \in \mathbb{N}$ (d) $3K + 2, K \in \mathbb{N}$

- 24) A sequence every term of which after first term is obtained by adding a fixed number in the preceding term is called.
 (a) G.P (b) H.P (c) A.P (d) N.O.T
- 25) If A and B are disjoint then $O(A \cup B) = ?$
 (a) $O(A) \cdot O(B)$ (b) $O(A) + O(B)$ (c) $O(A) - O(B)$ (d) N.O.T
- 26) Sum of the cubes of the first n natural numbers $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + n^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
 (a) $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ (b) $\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$ (c) $\frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$ (d) $n(n+1)$
- 27) 1 radian is equal to:
 (a) $57^\circ 17' 45''$ (b) 1° (c) 0.01745° (d) 180°
- 28) If in triangle ABC $S(S-a) = (S-b)(S-c)$ then $\alpha = ?$
 (a) $\bar{\Lambda}$ (b) $\bar{\Lambda}/2$ (c) $\bar{\Lambda}/3$ (d) $\bar{\Lambda}/4$
- 29) If the middle term in expansion of $(\frac{a}{2} + 2)^8$ is 1120 then a =?
 (a) 2 (b) -3 (c) 1 (d) 0
- 30) In how many ways a cricket eleven be chosen out of 14 player's so that a particular player is included.
 (a) 286 (b) 364 (c) 78 (d) N.O.T
- 31) The harmonic mean of $\frac{1}{x}$ and $\frac{1}{y}$ is:
 (a) $\frac{x+y}{2xy}$ (b) $\frac{2(x+y)}{xy}$ (c) $\frac{2xy}{x+y}$ (d) $\frac{2}{x+y}$
- 32) The solution set of the system $x + y = 7$ and $x^2 - xy + y^2 = 13$ is:
 (a) $\{(-4, 3), (-3, -4)\}$ (b) $\{(4, 3), (3, 4)\}$
 (c) $\{(4, 3), (-3, -4)\}$ (d) $\{(-4, -3), (3, -4)\}$
- 33) If $\text{Re}(z + 2) = -1$ where $Z = x + iy$ then $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
 (a) -3 (b) -1 (c) 1 (d) 4
- 34) For what value of x is $(x - 3, 3) = (-5, 3)$
 (a) -5 (b) -7 (c) -2 (d) -8
- 35) If in triangle $a=300$ $b=120$ and $r=150^\circ$ then its area is:
 (a) 18000 (b) 6000 (c) 900 (d) 9000
- 36) If $i = \sqrt{-1}$ then $\frac{1+i}{i} = ?$
 (a) -i (b) -1 + i (c) 1 - i (d) -1-i
- 37) If sum and product of the roots of quadratic equation are $\frac{b}{a}$ and $\frac{c^2}{a}$ respectively the equation is:
 (a) $x^2 - b^2x + ac^2 = 0$ (b) $abx^2 - b^2x + ac^2 = 0$
 (c) $abx^2 - x + ac^2 = 0$ (d) $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$
- 38) How many terms of series $10+8+6+\dots$ will make a sum zero.
 (a) 8 (b) 9 (c) 10 (d) 11
- 39) How many signals can be made with 3 flags of different colour by hosting 1 or 2 or 3 one above the other.
 (a) 15 (b) 20 (c) 25 (d) 30
- 40) If n is a positive integer $2^{n+1} > (2n+3)$ is term for all.
 (a) $n \geq 4$ (b) $n \geq 5$ (c) $n \geq 3$ (d) N.O.T
- 41) The sum of cube roots of -64 is?
 (a) w (b) w^2 (c) 1 (d) Zero
- 42) Which of the following is incorrect.
 (a) 60th part of 1 degree is equal to 1 minute
 (b) 60th part of 1 minute is equal to 1 second
 (c) An acute angle is always less than 90°
 (d) An obtuse angle lies b/w 90° and 270°
- 43) $\frac{\sin \alpha}{a} = \frac{\sin \beta}{b} = \frac{\sin \gamma}{c}$ is named as:
 (a) Law of sine (b) Laws of cosines (c) Law of tangent (d) Hero's formula
- 44) In G.P of negative numbers the common ratio must be.
 (a) Zero (b) Positive Number (c) Negative Number (d) A.O.T
- 45) A complex number whose additive and multiplicative inverse are equal.
 (a) i (b) -i (c) both a and b (d) N.O.T
- 46) The discriminant of the quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ is:
 (a) $b^2 - 4ac$ (b) $\sqrt{4ac - b^2}$ (c) $\sqrt{b^2 + 4ac}$ (d) both b and c
- 47) If the number of elements in set A is n number of elements in $P(A) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
 (a) n (b) 2^n (c) 3^n (d) N.O.T
- 48) $\sin(180^\circ + \theta) \sin(90^\circ - \theta) =$
 (a) $\sin \theta \cos \theta$ (b) $-\sin \theta \cos \theta$ (c) $\sin^2 \theta$ (d) $\cos^2 \theta$
- 49) A set which contains all the under consideration is called _____ set.
 (a) Finite (b) Infinite (c) Universal (d) Super
- 50) An angle is said to be positive if rotation is:
 (a) Clockwise (b) Horizontal (c) Vertical (d) Anti Clockwise



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SECTION "B"

Marks: 30

Note: Solve any SIX of the following questions. Each Question Carries 05 Marks.

- Q.No.2 Verify $Cx(A-B) = (Cx)A - (Cx)B$ when $A = \{0,1\}$, $B = \{1,2\}$ and $C = \{a,b\}$?
- Q.No.3 If α, β are the roots of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, $a \neq 0$ form the equation whose roots are α^3, β^3 ?
- Q.No.4 If in a G.P the fifth term is 9 times the third term and its second term is 6 find G.P?
- Q.No.5 Obtain the simplified form the coefficient of "y" in the expansion $(y^2 + \frac{b^3}{y})^5$
- Q.No.6 A belt 24.75 meters long passes around a 1.5cm diameter pulley. As the belt makes two complete revolution in a minute how many radians does the wheel turn in one second?
- Q.No.7 Solve the equation: $\sqrt{x^2 + 3x + 2} + \sqrt{x^2 + 3x + 8} = 3$
- Q.No.8 prove that $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$
- Q.No.9 Without tables find the value of $\sin \frac{7\pi}{12}$
- Q.No.10 Solve $\sin 3\theta - \sin \theta = 0$

SECTION "C"

Note: Solve any TWO of the following question: Each question (6+4=10) Marks.

- Q.No.11 (a) Prove that the roots of equation are real $y^2 - 2y \left(m + \frac{1}{m}\right) + 3 = 0 \forall m \in \mathbb{R}$
- (b) In how many ways can party of 3 students and 2 teacher formed out of 15 students and 4 teachers?
- Q.No.12 (a) A piece of plastic 1 meter long is bent to form an isosceles triangle with 95° as of its largest angle find the length of the sides?
- (b) Find the 8th term in the expansion of $\left(\frac{x}{3} - \frac{y}{3}\right)^{12}$
- Q.No.13 (a) Solve the systems of equation: $2x^2 + xy = 2$
 $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 1$
- (b) Solve the triangle ABC, with $a = 200$ cm, $b = 100$ cm, $c = 150$ cm

THE END