



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

**L.L.B. (03 Years) Part – I Annual Exam – 2019**

**Subject: Islamic Jurisprudence**

**Paper: I (Common)**

Roll No. ....

**Time: 3 Hrs.**

**Marks: 100**

***NOTE: Attempt any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks.***

1. Muslim Jurists have contributed much towards the codification and simplification of Islamic Fiqh. Explain and illustrate
2. Quran Majeed is a fundamental source of Islamic Law being the divine revelation. What are the basic principles which Quran observed during its course of legislation?
3. Sunnah plays a multi facet role in Islamic legislation. Illustrate and explain
4. Ijtehad has a never ending role to keep responding to the changing time and space. Discuss and illustrate
5. Explain the different classifications of Punishments under Islamic Shariah. Whether Hadd falls within the category of compoundable crimes?
6. Kindly explain briefly the three basic concepts of Sovereignty, Shura and Vicegerency as the fundamental pillars of Muslim Welfare State.
7. For purposes of Evidence, Islam has its unique system which differs in various cases, discuss.
8. Shariah commands a natural system of ownership, different from prevailing economic systems. Explain in contrast.
9. Jihad is waged not for expansions of Muslim State, the motives behind have much larger canvass and scope. Kindly explain
10. Write short notes on the following:
  - A) Public Rights
  - B) Private Rights



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

**L.L.B. (03 Years) Part – I Annual Exam – 2019**

Subject: Constitutional Law-I

Paper: III (Common)

Roll No. ....

Time: 3 Hrs.

Marks: 100

**NOTE:** Attempt any *SIX* Questions in All. *THREE* Questions from Part-I and *THREE* questions from Part-II.

## Part-I (British Constitution)

1. "The Crown is an institution which never dies". Elaborate the statement and discuss the Constitutional role of Crown in England.
2. The "Rule of Law" is a prominent principle of British Legal System. Discuss the scope and fundamental components of 'Rule of Law' in the light of Dicey's exposition on the concept, and criticism raised against his theory on rule of law in modern time.
3. What do you understand by the phrase '*Supremacy of the British Parliament*'? refer the historical instances which reflect that British Parliament has a legislative Supremacy and enumerate the practical limitations on the '*Supremacy of British Parliament*' in present scenario.
4. Discuss the Sources of British Constitution.
5. Discuss the Cabinet System under the British Constitution and elucidate the Constitutional powers of Prime Minister in relation to cabinet.
6. Write a comprehensive note on any two of the following
  - i) Constitution and Constitutional Law
  - ii) House of Lords
  - iii) Human Rights in British Legal System
  - iv) Magna Carta (1215)

P.T.O.

## Part- II (US Constitution)

7. Discuss the Historical Evolution of US Constitution and its current status.
8. Elaborate the theory of '*Separation of Powers*' and critically analyze concept of '*Separation of Powers*' with system of Checks and Balances in US Constitution.
9. '*No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; Nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; Nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws*' argue the Statement in the light of US Constitution.
10. Discuss the Constitutional Role of US Congress and its limitations.
11. The U.S. Supreme Court in case of *Marbury v. Madison* (1803) established the principle of judicial review—the power of the federal courts to declare legislative and executive acts unconstitutional. Discuss the Scope of '*Judicial Review*' and its applications in US Judicial System.
12. Write a Comprehensive Note on any two of the following
  - i) Bill of Rights
  - ii) Constitutional Sources of US Constitution
  - iii) Jurisdiction of US Supreme Court
  - iv) Salient features of US Constitution



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

**L.L.B. (03 Years) Part – I Annual Exam – 2019**

Roll No. ....

**Subject: Law of Contract**

**Paper: IV (New Course)**

**Time: 3 Hrs. Marks: 100**

***Note: Attempt any FIVE Questions in all, by selecting FOUR questions from Part-I and ONE from Part-II. All questions carry equal marks.***

## **PART-I (Contract Act)**

- Q.1. What are the essentials of a valid contract? Discuss in detail.
- Q.2. What considerations and objects are lawful and what not? Discuss.
- Q.3. Define consideration. What are the exceptions to the rule that an agreement without consideration is void?
- Q.4. What is meant by "Contingent Contracts"? What are the rules of their enforcement?
- Q.5. What is meant by unlawful consideration and object? What is their effect in the process of formation of contract?
- Q.6. What remedies are available to an aggrieved person for breach of contract? Discuss in detail.
- Q.7. How Contract of agency is created and terminated?
- Q.8. What are the rights and duties of a finder of lost goods provided under Contract Act?

## **PART-II (Sale of Goods Act)**

- Q.9. Define condition and warranty? Distinguish between two?
- Q.10. When a non owner can make a valid contract of sale of Goods?





# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

**L.L.B. (03 Years) Part – I Annual Exam – 2019**

Roll No. ....

**Subject: Criminal Law**

**Paper: VI (New Course)**

**Time: 3 Hrs.**

**Marks: 100**

**NOTE:** *Attempt any FIVE Questions in all, by selecting ONE question from Part-I and FOUR Questions from Part-II. All questions carry equal marks.*

## **PART - I**

- Q:1 Discuss in detail the doctrine of strict and vicarious liability in criminal law?
- Q:2 Discuss in detail various theories of punishments and their enforcement in administration of Criminal justice?

## **PART – II**

- Q:3 Critically analyze various aspects of principle of constructive liability under Pakistan Penal Code?
- Q:4 Explain various kinds of punishments provided in Pakistan Penal Code?
- Q:5 Explain different kinds of hurt prescribed in Pakistan Penal Code?
- Q:6 What is right of private defence? Under what circumstances this right of private defence of body and property may extend of causing the death?
- Q:7 Define QATL-e- Amd? When it is liable to qisas? Discuss the circumstances when qisas for qatl –e Amd shall not be imposed and enforced?
- Q:8 Define and distinguish between theft and extortion and state various punishments prescribed for offence of robbery ?
- Q:9 Define and distinguish between the offence of kidnapping and abduction?
- Q:10 Define defamation and also discuss statutory exceptions envisaged therein?



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

**L.L.B. (03 Years) Part – I Annual Exam – 2019**

Roll No. ....

**Subject: Language Skills [(i) Arabic Language]**

**Paper: VII (Common)**

**Time: 1 Hr. 30 Min. Marks: 50**

**ملحوظة: أجب عن جميع الأسئلة.. Note: Attempt All Questions.**

**السؤال الأول: اكتب قطعتين من القطع التالية على كراسك ثم ترجمهما إلى الأردية أو الإنجليزية.**

**Q.1: Write any TWO paragraphs down on your Answer Sheet and then translate them into Urdu or**

**English.(10+10=20)**

- الف) 1. هذه حديقة المنزل. 2. لون السماء أزرق. 3. لغة العرب أم الألسنة. 4. هذه سيارة سريعة. 5. كتابي فوق مكتبي.
6. في باكستان صناعة طيبة. 7. النافذة بعيدة عن السبورة. 8. تحت الأشجار كراسي. 9. شرب الطفل الحليب. 10. هل تسمع المرأة كلامي؟
- ب) 1. قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وسلم: من كان يؤمن بالله واليوم الآخر فلا يؤذ جاره، ومن كان يؤمن بالله واليوم الآخر فليكرم ضيفه، ومن كان يؤمن بالله واليوم الآخر فليقل خيراً أو ليصمت. 2. قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وسلم: لا يدخل الجنة من كان في قلبه مثقال حبة من كبر، فقال رجل: إن الرجل يحب أن يكون ثوبه حسناً ونعله حسناً، قال: إن الله جميل يحب الجمال، الكبر بطر الحق وغمط الناس.
- ج) كان يسكن في قرية من القرى شاب صالح. وكان في هذه القرية شجرة عجيبة. وكانت تنسب إليها بعض الأخبار الخاطئة. لهذا ظن الناس إنها شجرة مباركة. ومع مرور الأيام أخذ بعض الناس يعبد تلك الشجرة. فغضب الشاب على هذا الشرك، وعزم أن يقطع الشجرة، فأخذ فأسه وذهب إلى تلك الشجرة ليقطعها.
- السؤال الثاني: اكتب القطعة على كراسك ثم ترجمها إلى الأردية أو الإنجليزية.**

**Q.2: Write the poem down on your Answer Sheet and then translate it into Urdu or English. (10)**

تشقق الطيور	فرحانة بالنور	تقول في سرور	ما أجمل الضياء
والحقول والزهور	والجدول الصغير	تقول في سرور	ما أجمل الضياء
والولد الصغير	والرجل الكبير	تقول في سرور	ما أجمل الضياء

**(اقلب الورقة)**



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

L.L.B. (03 Years) Part – I Annual Exam – 2019

Roll No. ....

Subject: Language Skills [(ii) English Language]

Paper: VII (Common)

Time: 1 Hr. 30 Min. Marks: 50

**Note: Attempt all questions.**

**Attempt any three of the following questions (75-100 words)**

**(15)**

- Discuss the significance of the title in the story 'The Yellow Wallpaper'.
- Describe the theme of split personality in the story, "Lady in the Looking Glass".
- What is something disturbing in "How it Happened"?
- In 'The Prison' the title shows the failure in relationships. Explain your answer.
- What is the significance of the use of specific colours in the story 'The Door in the Wall'?

**Make a précis of the following in your own English. (Credit will be given to your own words, not just copying from the question paper). Also suggest a suitable title.**

**(10)**

English education and English language have done immense goods to our country, in spite of their glaring drawbacks. The notions of democracy and self-government are the born of English education. Those who fought and died for our freedom were nursed in the cradle of English thought and culture. The West has made contribution to the East. The history of Europe has fired the hearts of our leaders. Our struggle for freedom has been inspired by the struggles for freedom in England, America and France. If our leaders were ignorant of English and if they had not studied this language, how could they have been inspired by these heroic struggles for freedom in other lands? English, therefore, did us great good in the past and if properly studied will do immense good in future. English is spoken throughout the world. For international contact, our commerce and trade, for the development of our practical ideas, for the scientific studies, English is indispensable. "English is very rich in literature," our own literature has been made richer by this foreign language. It will really be a fatal day if we altogether forget Shakespeare, Milton, Keats and Shaw. In order to be up to date with modern education and to be an integral part of international community, we must not take learning English Language for granted.

**Change the narration of any FIVE of the following:**

**(5)**

1. He said, "I have got a toothache".
2. Manu said, "I am very busy now".
3. "Hurry up," she said to us.
4. "Give me a cup of water," he told her.

**P.T.O.**



5. She said, "I am going to college."
6. She said to me, "Thank you"
7. Ahmed said, "Suleman must go tomorrow"

**Correct the following sentences:**

**(5)**

- i. I want a teacher for my son who is over fifty.
- ii. Flowers smell sweetly.
- iii. The population of Lahore is greater than Multan.
- iv. One must get what he wants.
- v. The president was thankful for everyone who help in the campaign.
- vi. Everyone in this town will benefit into the new hospital.
- vii. For two full days, the man was fighting to his life.

**In each of the following choose the suitable word that best completes the sentence:**

**(5)**

- i. We are very excited \_ our trip to Spain next week.  
(AT, WITH, ABOUT, OVER)
- ii. I am very fond \_ drinking green tea.  
(FOR, OF, ABOUT, AT)
- iii. Almost all politicians were involved \_ the scandal.  
(IN, AT, WITH, FROM)
- iv. I am looking forward \_ having a meeting with you next week.  
(WITH, AT, TO, FROM)
- v. At the moment, she is recovering \_ -her injuries.  
(AT, OF, FROM, WITH)
- vi. I'm dreaming \_ becoming a famous scientist one day.  
(FOR, WITH, ABOUT, INTO)
- vii. My cousin is married \_ a famous American.  
(WITH, FOR, TO, FROM)

**Write a dialogue between a father and son about the upcoming event of ICC World Cup 2019**

**(10)**