

Subject	Marks	Time
Social Studies	25	45 Minutes
Chemistry	25	45 Minutes
Biology	25	45 Minutes
English	25	45 Minutes
Total	100	180 Minutes

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ı ugc	_ 01 10	(DI ID DDDI	1 Ibbobbiliont 1 Co	11141 2017)	Grade 171	V II DIIIGIII

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE STUDENT **Objective Part**

شاگردجي لاءِ هدايتون معروضي حصو

 All questions are compulsory. 	 سڀ سوال لازمي آهن. 				
 All questions carry equal marks. 	 سڀني سوالن تي هڪ جيتريون مارڪون رکيل آهن. 				
 Do not fill more than one option for one question. Multiple options will be considered wrong. 	 هڪ سوال جي جواب لاءِ هڪ کان وڌيڪ اختيارن کي نه ڀريو. گهڻن اختيارن واري جواب کي غلط تصور ڪيو ويندو. 				
 Fill correct options according to the following example. 	 جوابن کي هيٺ ڏنل مثال مطابق چڱيءَ ريت ڀريو. 				
	(A) (D)				
 Pencil should be used to fill the answers. 	 جوابن واري گولڙي کي ڀرڻ لاءِ پينسل جو استعمال ڪريو. 				
• Finish each part in the given time as mentioned in the paper.	 پيپر ۾ ڏنل هر هڪ حصي کي ڏنل وقت مطابق حل ڪريو. 				

## STRUCTIONS FOR THE STUDENT abjective Part • All questions are compulsory. • Finish each question in the given time as mentioned in the paper. • Avoid over writing or untidy work. • Pencil should be used to write the answers. **The state of the state of t	age 3 of 40 (SAS – ESSP – Assessment Feb – Mar 2019) Grade-IX V-II Sindhi			
 Finish each question in the given time as mentioned in the paper. Avoid over writing or untidy work. Pencil should be used to write پیپر ۾ ڏنل وقت مطابق حل کان پاسو ڪريو. Pencil should be used to write 			ئي لاءِ هدايتون ي حصو	اگرد ج ضوع إضوع
time as mentioned in the paper. Avoid over writing or untidy work. Pencil should be used to write * Pencil should be used to write	•	All questions are compulsory.	سڀ سوال لازمي آهن.	•
 work. Pencil should be used to write 	•		" " "	•
■ Pencil should be used to write	•		ٻٽي لکڻي ۽ ڊاهه ڊوهه واري ڪر کان پاسو ڪريو.	•
	•	Pencil should be used to write	جوابَ لكڻ لاءِ پينسل جو استعمال ڪريو.	•

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1 ugo 1 or 10 (51.15 2222	1000 IIII 2017, C1	III V II SIIIUII
	MCQ Practice	
1. Name of our country is		1. اسانجي ملڪ جو نالو آهي
Kenya.	(A)	كينيا.
Pakistan.	B	پاڪستان.
Malaysia.	©	ملائيشيا.
Indonesia.	(D)	اندونیشیا.
2. Add.		2. جوڙ ڪريو.
	2 + 2 =	
4	(A)	
5	B	
6	©	
7	(D)	

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		Social St	udies	
1.	The principles of democ Islam are justice, equali and tolerance. The conc "justice" deals with the	ty, fraternity	اسلام ۾ جمهوريت جا اصول آهن، انصاف، برابري ڀائيچارو ۽ سهپ. انصاف جي تصور مان مراد آهي تہ	.1
	rule of law.	A	قانون جي حڪمراني.	
	brotherhood.	B	ڀائيچارو.	
	love for others.	©	ٻين لاءِ پيار.	
	all citizens are equal.	0	تمام شهري برابر آهن.	
2.	Till the constituent asse constitution for Pakistar assembly adopted an interconstitution which was Act of	n, the terim	جيسيتائين آئين ساز اسيمبلي پاكستان لاءِ آئين ٺاهي تيسيتائين اسيمبلي هڪ عبوري آئين لاڳو ڪيو جنهن جو بنياد هو انڊين ايڪٽ آف	.2
	1887	(A)		
	1909	B		
	1919	©		
	1935	(

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3.	One of the most important features of 1956 constitution was that the post of the governor general was replaced with the		1956 واري آئين جو هڪ تمام ان ۾ گورنر جنرل جي عهدي کي	.3
	Minister.	(A)	وزيرسان.	
	President.	®	صدر سان.	
	Chief Minister.	©	وڏي وزير سان.	
	Prime Minister.	(1)	وڏي وزير سان. وزير اعظم سان.	
4.	We lost Bengal in 1971 because of the Indian attack on Bengal. Before 1971 Bengal was the province of		1971 ۾ ڀارتي حملي جي ڪ 1971 کان پهريان بنگال صور	.4
	India.	(A)	ڀارت جو	
	Pakistan.	®	ڀار <i>ت ج</i> و. پاڪستان جو	
	Myanmar.	©	میانمارجو. بنگلادیشجو.	
	Bangladesh.	0	بنگلادیش جو.	

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5.	One of the following countries is a landlock country and depend on sea and land of other countries for trade. Identify.	وبدي رسين لاءِ ٻين ملڪن		.5
	Afghanistan	A	افغانستان	
	Sri Lanka	B	سري لنكا	
	Pakistan	©	پاکستان	
	Russia	(D)	روس	
6.	Identify the only atomic power country in the Islamic world.	إحد ائٽمي طاقت رکندڙ ملڪ	اسلامي دنيا ۾ موجود و جي سڃاڻپ ڪريو.	.6
	Turkey	A	تر <i>ڪي</i>	
	Pakistan	B	تر <i>ڪي</i> پاڪستان	
	Indonesia	©	اندونيشيا	
	Saudi Arabia	(D)	سعودي عرب	

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7.	The province situated in the lower	ناب ، ، ۱۱: ۸		7
	Indus plain is		جيڪو صوبو سنڌو درياءَ ج علائقي ۾ اچي ٿو. اهو آهج	• /
	Sindh.	(A)	سنڌ.	
	Punjab.	®	پنجاب.	
	Balochistan.	©	بلوچستان.	
	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.	0	خيبرپختونخواهه	
8.	The season of winter in Pakistan spans for three months. It starts in the month of	موسم ٽي مهينا هلندو آهي. شروع ٿيندو آهي، اهو آهي	3 . 23 > 10 *	.8
	October.	(A)	آڪٽوبر.	
	November.	B	نومبر.	
	December.	©	ڊسمبر.	
	January.	0	جنوري.	

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9.	Irrigation in most parts of Balochistan depends on	ي	بلوچستان جي اڪثر ڀاڱن ۾ آبپاشي جو دارومدار آه	.9
	canals.	A	واهن تي.	
	rivers.	B	دريائن تي.	
	karez.	©	ڪاريز تي.	
	wells.	(كوهن تي.	
10.	Mangrove forest is found in Sindh on the delta of Indus river. This forest is also called		سنڌونديءَ جي ڊيلٽا تي تِمرجا ٻيلاملن ٿا. انهن ٻيلن کي چئبو آهي	.10
	Rain Forest.	(A)	برساتي ٻيلا.	
	Canal Forest.	B	واهن وارا ېيلا.	
	Riverine Forest.	©	دريائي ٻيلا جابلو ٻيلا	
	Mountainous Forest.	(جابلوېيىلا.	

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11. The people of all provinces	11. پاڪستان جي تحريڪ ۾ سڀني صوبن جي ماڻهن
popularized the Pakistan movement.	پنهنجو كردار ادا كيو. پنجاب صوبي جو پاكستان
Discuss the contribution of Punjab in the Pakistan movement.	تحريك ۾ ڪهڙو ڪردار رهيو. بحث ڪريو.
III the I anistan movement.	J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J.
(Mari	ks 05)
	J
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12. A constitution is considered as the skeleton of a country. Describe the	12. آئين ڪنهن بہ ملڪ جي ڪرنگهي جي حيثيت			
salient features of the constitution	ركندو آهي. پاكستان جي 1962 واري آئين جا اهر			
of 1962 of Pakistan.	نكتا بيان كريو			
(Mar	ks 05)			

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13. Write a note on Balochi language.	13. بلوچي ٻوليءَ تي نوٽ لکو.
(Marks 05)	

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Che	emist	try	
a.m.u and Oxygen is 16 a.m.u .The molecular formula mass of Carbon dioxide (CO ₂) is	2	كاربان جوائٽمي مايو a.m.u. 12 ۽ آكسيجن a.m.u 16 آهي. كاربان ڊاء آكسائيڊ (CO ₂) جي ماليكيولي فارمولي جو مايو آهي	.14
12	A		
32	B		
40	©		
44	(
15. The type of reaction shown below:	is	هيٺ ڏنل عمل قسم آهي	.15
2KClO ₃ -	→2K0	$C1 + 3O_2$	
combustion.	A	ٻرڻ جو.	
decomposition.	B	ٻرڻ جو. ڳرڻ جو.	
single displacement.	©	هڪ هٽاءَ وارو.	
double displacement.	(ٻٽي هٽاءَ وارو.	

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16.	Isotopes are atoms of the same element having same atomic number but different		آئسوٽوپس ساڳئي عنصر جا ائٽم هوندا آ ساڳيو ائٽمي نمبر هوندو آهي، پر مختلف	.16
	proton mass.	A	پروٽان جو مايو.	
	atomic masses.	B	ائٽمي مايو.	
	proton number.	©	پروٽان نمبر	
	electron number.	D	اليكٽران نمبر.	
17.	The single covalent bond is denoted by	i	اكيلو كوويلينٽ بانڊ ظاهر كري ٿي	.17
	one short line.	(A)	هڪ ننڍي لائين کي.	
	two short lines.	B	ېن ننڍين لاثينن <i>کي</i> .	
	three short lines.	©	ٽن ننڍين لائينن <i>کي</i> .	
	four short lines.	(D)	چئن ننڍين لا <i>ثينن کي.</i>	

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18.	Electron acceptor substances are called		اهو مادو جيكو اليكٽران وصول كري ان كي چئبو آهي	.18
	acid.	(A)	تيزاب.	
	base.	B	اساس.	
	water.	©	پاڻي.	
	alkali.	(الكلي.	
19.	The process in which a solid directly changes to vapours is known as		اهو عمل جنهن ۾ نهرو سڌي طرح بخارن ۾ تبديل ٿئي ان کي چئبو آهي	.19
19.	directly changes to vapours is	A	ٿئي ان کي چئبو آهي	.19
19.	directly changes to vapours is known as	(A) (B)	ٿئي ان کي چئبو آهي رجڻ.	.19
19.	directly changes to vapours is known as fusion.		ٿئي ان کي چئبو آهي رجڻ.	.19
19.	directly changes to vapours is known as fusion. diffusion.	B	ٿئي ان کي چئبو آهي	.19
19.	directly changes to vapours is known as fusion. diffusion. sublimation.	® ©	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	.19
19.	directly changes to vapours is known as fusion. diffusion. sublimation.	® ©	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	.19
19.	directly changes to vapours is known as fusion. diffusion. sublimation.	® ©	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	.19

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The balance Chemical equation from the following is	20. هيٺ ڏنلن مان متوازن ڪيميائي مساوات آهي
$2Na + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2NaCl$	(A)
$2Na + 2Cl_2 \rightarrow NaCl$	B
$2Na + Cl_2 \rightarrow NaCl$	©
$Na + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2NaCl$	(D)
The atomic number of oxygen is 8. The number of electrons in its last shell will be	21. آڪسيجن جو ائٽمي نمبر 8 آهي. ان جي آخري شيل ۾ اليڪٽرانن جو تعداد ٿيندو
2	(A)
4	B
6	©
8	(D)
8	(D)
8	(D)
8	(D)
	The balance Chemical equation from the following is $2Na + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2NaCl$ $2Na + 2Cl_2 \rightarrow NaCl$ $2Na + Cl_2 \rightarrow NaCl$ $2Na + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2NaCl$ $Na + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2NaCl$ The atomic number of oxygen is 8. The number of electrons in its last shell will be

Electron اليكتران	Proton پروٽان	Neutron
اليكٽران	پروٽان	i .1 * •
		نيوٽران
	7	
27		
_		
	er of moles, in NH ₃). Atomic 14 a.m.u and 1.	er of moles, in اور ۾ مولزجو تعداد/نمبر اندمي مايو a.m.u 14 عايو 14 a.m.u and

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26. Define the following terms.	26. هيٺ ڏنل اصطلاحن جي وصف لکو.
(Mark	ks 02)
• Exothermic reaction	 گرمي خارج كندڙ عمل
• Electrolysis	 برقي پاشيدگي
27. Name the following apparatus used	27. ٽائٽريشن ۾ استعمال ٿيندڙ هيٺئين اوزار جو نالو
in titration.	لكو
(Mark	ks 01)
	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
7	
	T.
	±0φ*
Name	نالو

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•			1 0				
28			our change of cid and base?	ں سان ملائڻ تي ان	ن کي تيزاب ۽ اساسر ڪهڙو فرق ايندو؟		28
			(Ma	rks 02)	هرو قرق ایندو:	جي ران ۾ ت	
· [
				olour رنگ			
-							
	Acid					تيزاب	
	Base					اساس	
29	. Explain a	ny three pr	operties of	اصيتن جي وضاحت	س جي ڪن بہ ٽن خا	2. هائڊروجن گيـ	29
	hydrogen	gas.		<u>.</u> .		ڪريو.	
			(Ma	rks 03)			
							_
_							_
_							_
_							_
_							_
_							_
_							_
_							_

В	iolog	gy	
). The presence of external nostrils in a frog helps them in	l	ديڏر جون ٻاهريون ناسون ان کي مدد ڪنديون آهن	.3
seeing.	(A)	ڏسڻ ۾ر.	
hearing.	B	ېدڻ ۾ .	
jumping.	©	ٽپا ڏيڻ ۾ر.	
breathing.	(ساهه کڻڻ ۾ .	
1. The outer most layer in an animal cell is called		جانورن جي جيوگهرڙي ۾ سڀ کان ٻاهرئين تهہ کي چئبو آهي	•
cell wall.	(A)	سيل وال.	
cytoplasm.	B	سائٽوپلازم.	
mitochondria.	©	مائٽوكونڊريا.	
cell membrane.	(سيل ميمبرين.	

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32. Identify the type of funthe diagram given below	gus shown in جيسڃاڻپ w.	32. هيٺ ڏنل تصوير ۾ فنگس جي قسم ڪريو.
Ustilago	(A)	يوسٽيلاگو
Spirogyra	B	اسپائروگائرا
Penicillium	©	اسپائروگائرا پینیسیلیم کلئمیدوموناس
Chlamydomonas	(D)	كلئميدوموناس

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33. From the given options, identify the Phylum with the help of following Characteristics.		هيٺ ڏنل خاصيتن جي مدد سان فائلم جي سڃ ڪريو.	.33
MulticellularCommonly called Sponges		گهڻ جيوگهرڙوعام اسپنجز	
Aquatic		• آبي	
Porifera	(A)	 پوريفيرا	
Cnidaria	B	سنيديريا	
Protozoa	©	پروٽوزوئا	
Nematoda	(نيماٽوڊا	
34. Glucose molecules combine themselves to form a long chain of	ک ھي of	گلوڪوز جا ماليڪيول پاڻ ۾ ملي ڪري هڪ ڊ زنجير ٺاهيندا آهن، جيڪا ٺهيل هوندي آهي	.34
proteins.	(A)	پروٽين <i>جي</i> .	
starch.	B	پروٽين جي. اسٽارچ/نشاستي جي.	
lipid.	©	لپڊ <i>جي.</i> سڻڀ <i>جي.</i>	
fats.	(D)	سڻڀ جي.	

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35.	Complete the missing phase mitosis.	ضريو. of	مائٽوسس جي رهيل مرحلي/فيز کي مڪمل	.35
	Prophase \rightarrow met	aphase →	telophase	
	→ ٽيلوفيز	نافيز →	پروفيز → مية	
	anaphase	(A)	اينافيز	
	interphase	$^{\circ}$	انٽرفيز	
	multiphase	©	ملٽي فيز	
	polyphase	(ملٽ <i>ي</i> فيز پول <i>ي</i> فيز	
	Identify the vertebrate from following.	he پي	هيٺ ڏنل جانورن مان ڪرنگهي واري جانور ج سڃاڻپ ڪريو.	.36
	Snake	(A)	نانگ	
	Starfish	B	اسٽارفش	
	Amoeba	©	اميبا	
	Butterfly	(پوپٽ	

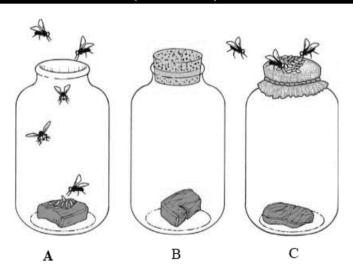
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37.	The method to preserve milk by heating it to 70°C and then cooling it is called		اهو طريقو جنهن ۾ کير کي 70°C تي گرم ڪري ۽ ان کان پوءِ ٿڌو ڪري محفوظ ڪجي ٿو. ان کي چئبو آهي	.37
	Pasteurization.	(A)		
	Refrigeration.	B	ريفريجريشن.	
	Dehydration.	©	دی هائدریشن.	
	Canning.	(۰ یا ده تا کیننگ	
38.	The process of breaking down of large indiffusible food molecules into smaller diffusible molecules is called		اهوعمل جنهن ۾ کاڌي جي وڏن غير نفوذ پذير جزن کي ننڍن ننڍن قابل نفوذ پذير ٿيندڙ جزن ۾ ٽوڙي، ان کي چئبو آهي	.38
	egestion.	(A)	0 — <u> </u>	
	ingestion.	B	ت و ي جهن ا	
	digestion.	©	هضر ٿيڻ. جذب ٿيڻ.	
	absorption.	(جذب ٿيڻ.	

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39. Scurvy disease is caused by the deficiency of	ہ کھنتائ <i>يءَ</i> جي	39. اسڪروي جي بيماري جنهن شيءِ ج ڪري ٿيندي آهي، اها آهي	
Vitamin A.	(A)	وٽامن A.	
Vitamin B.	®	وٽامن B.	
Vitamin C.	©	وٽامن C.	
Vitamin D.	(D)	وٽامن D.	

Biology

- **40.** Following is an experimental setup of three glass bottles containing same type of piece of meat and maggots are seen. Answer the following questions by looking at the diagram given below.
- 40. هيٺ ڏنل تصوير هڪ تجربي جي آهي جنهن ۾ ٽن شيشي جي بوتلن ۾ ساڳئي طريقي گوشت رکيل آهي. آهي ۽ ان مٿان ڪينئان پڻ نظراچي رهيا آهن. ڊاياگرام کي ڏسندي هيٺ ڏنل سوالن جا جواب لکو.

(Marks 02)



- i) Give **one** reason, why maggots cannot be seen in jar B?
- i) جار B ۾ ڪينئان ڇو نظرنہ اچي رهيا آهن؟ ڪو بہ هڪ سبب لکو.
- **ii)** Explain biogenesis with the help of above diagram.
- ii) مٿي ڏنل تصوير جي مدد سان بايوجينيسس جي وصف لکو.

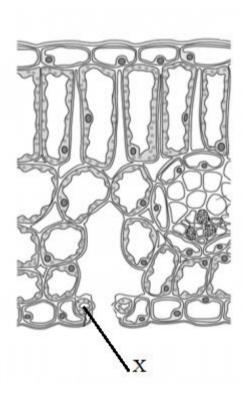
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41 0:	4 1 4	·	•	4.4
	ny two characte	eristics of	ين كي به ٻه خاصيتون لكو.	41. فنجائي جو
fungi.				
		(Mark	xs 02)	
** = 1 :				
	n the importance		<u>ا</u> ج جي عمل جي اهميت جي وضاحت	42. ٻوٽن ۾ اخر
	n the importance iration in plants		<u>ا</u> ج جي عمل جي اهميت جي وضاحت	
				42. ٻوٽن ۾ اخر ڪريو.

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43. The following diagram shows a section through a leaf. Label the part X in the diagram.

43. هيٺ ڏنل شڪل ۾ پن جو هڪ اندريون حصو ڏيکاريل آهي. شڪل ۾ ڏنل حصي X کي ليبل ڪريو.

(Marks 02)



\mathbf{V}			
$oldsymbol{\Lambda}$			

- i) Name the structure in a leaf cell that contains chlorophyll.
- i) پن جي گهرڙي جي ان بناوت جو نالو لکو جنهن ۾ ڪلوروفل هوندو آهي.

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44. Explain any three factors necessary	44. روشنائي تركيب جي عمل جي كن به نن ضروري
for the process of Photosynthesis.	جزن جي وضاحت ڪريو. جزن جي وضاحت ڪريو.
(Mar	جرن جي وطاحت <u>سريو.</u> ks 03)
(Mari	KS U3)
-	_
4. 33.77	<u>.</u>
45. What is cellular respiration?	45. گهرڙن ۾ ساه کڻڻ جو عمل ڇا آهي؟ ڪيميائي مساوات جي مدد سان وضاحت ڪريو.
Explain with the help of a chemical	مساوات جي مدد سان وضاحت ڪريو.
equation.	
(Marl	ks 03)
	_

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46. Identify the sentence which is in P	E nglish Past Perfect Tense.
They had go to school.	(A)
They had went to school.	B
They had gone to school.	©
They had been going to school.	()
47. Fill the correct preposition in the f	Collowing sentence. d love of god.
with	(A)
for	B
to	©
as	()

nent Feb – Mar 2019) Grade-IX	[V-II Sindhi
ven word.	
Scorching	
(A)	
B	
©	
(D)	
the given sentence.	
giving her the copy.	
(A)	
B	
©	
(D)	
1	ven word. Scorching (A) (B) (C) (D) the given sentence. giving her the copy. (A) (B) (C)

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50 Cl	. 6.1 1.66
50. Choose the correct mean	ning of the word "fortunate".
Lucky	(A)
Dusky	B
Quickly	©
Frankly	(D)
51. Helen Keller visited whi	ch country in 1956?
	-
India	(A)
Pakistan	B
Afghanistan	©
Turkmenistan	(D)

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52. Mark the sentence with correct Pre	esent Perfect Tense.
He has finished his work.	(A)
We has finished our work.	B
You has finished your work.	©
They has finished their work.	(1)
53. Select the adjective in the given se	ntence from the following options.
These ap	ples are sweet.
apples	(A)
sweet	®
These	©
are	(D)

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54. The opposite word of	f "ancient" is	
of the opposite word of		
old	(A)	
new	B	
aged	©	
modern	(D)	
55. Complete the followin	g sentence by choosing correct option.	
Shah Abdu	l Latif Bhittai's urs is held on	
14 th Safar	(A)	
16 th Safar	B	
18 th Safar	©	
20 th Safar	(D)	

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56. Write an application to your principal and ask him/her to arrange one day
workshop in your school under the title of "Global Warming: and its impacts
on environment".
(Marks 05)

57. Read the given passage and answer the given questions.

(Marks 05)

The Lion and the Mouse

One hot afternoon a lion was sleeping under the shadow of a tree. A little mouse who lived in a hole nearby the tree. He ran all over the body of a lion. The lion felt disturbed in the sleep. Suddenly he woke up and caught the mouse. The poor mouse was frightened and said. Oh kind king of the jungle! "please forgive me. Have mercy on me and let me go. I will repay your kindness one day". The words of tiny mouse assumed the lion. How can a tiny creature like mouse pay to the almighty king of the jungle? He took pity on him and let him go.

Few days later, the mouse heard the lion is roaring in pain. He ran out of his hole and found the lion in trouble. The lion was caught in hunter's net. He tried hard to set himself free but he could not succeed. The mouse ran to him and said. "Don't worry great king I will set you free in no time". And he began to cut the cords of the net with his sharp little teeth. Soon the lion was free. He thanked the little mouse in a humble voice and went on his way.

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i)	Where was the lion sleeping?
1)	where was the non sleeping.
Ans	•
••\	
ii)	What did the mouse say to the lion?
Ans	•
iii)	Why the lion was in trouble?
Ans	•
iv)	What is the meaning of word "frightened"?
Ans	•
74115	•
v)	What is the moral of the story?
Ang	•
AllS	•

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58. Write an essay of 120 words on any one of the following.
(NOTE: use correct punctuation, grammar and spellings)
(Marks 05)
➤ Importance of tree plantation.
Benefits of playing outdoor games.
➤ We must treat animals with kindness.

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