# **MODEL PAPER OF "PRINCIPLES OF ACCOUNTING"**

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## Intermediate Part-II Examination

# OBJECTIVE

Tin	ne: 30 Minutes			Marks: 20
Q.No.	choices for each objective type correct; fill the circle in front o Cutting or filling two or more	e questi f that q circles	the objective answer sheet provided. on as A,B,C and D. The choice whic uestion Number. Use marker or pen to will result in zero mark in that quest pe question paper and leave the others	ch you think is o fill the circles. ion. Attempt as
(i)	The capital under single entry sys	tem is a	scertained by preparing:	
	(A) Cash account	(B)	statement of affairs	
	(C) Total debtors account	(D)		
(ii)	In single entry system it is not pos	sible to	prepare:	
	(A) Trial balance	(B)	Trading account	
	(C) Profit and loss account	(D)	Balance sheet	
(iii)	Credit purchase can be ascertained	d throug	th:	
	(A) Total debtors accounts	(B)	Total creditors account	
	(C) Statement of affairs	(D)	Cash account	
(iv)	Non-trading concerns prepare:			
	(A) Profit and loss account	(B)	Income and expenditure account	
	(C) Manufacturing account	(D)	Trading account	
(v)	Income and expenditure account s	shows:		
	(A) Surplus or deficit	(B)	Net profit or net loss	
	(C) Capital account	(D)	Cash in hand	
(vi)	Receipt and payment account is:			
	(A) Nominal account	(B)	Real account	
	(C) Personal account	(D)	An expense account	
(vii)	The relationship between consign	or and c	onsignee is that of:	
	(A) Buyer and seller	(B)	Debtor and creditor	
	(C) Wholesaler and retailer	(D)	Principal and agent	
(viii)	The status of consignor is:			
	(A) An agent	(B)	A principal	
	(C) A seller	(D)	A buyer	
(ix)	Account sales is prepared by:			
	(A) Consignor	(B)	Consignee	
	(C) Consignment	(D)	Principal	
	()	(-)		
(x)	The liability of the shareholders o	f a nubli	ic limited company is:	
(A)	(A) Unlimited	(B)	Limited	
	(C) Compulsory	(D)	None of these	
(xi)	A person who purchases the share	· · ·		
()	(A) Shareholder	(B)	Debenture holder	
	(C) Underwriter	(D)		
(xii)			e of public limited company can be:	
	(A) Forty	(B)	Fifty	
		. /		

	(C)	Sixty	(D)	Unlimited
(xiii)	The	charter of the company contain	ing the	e objectives is called:
	(A)	Articles of association	(B)	Prospectus
	(C)	Memorandum of association	(D)	None of these
(xiv)	The	process of writing off intangibl	e asse	ts is called:
	(A)	Depreciation	(B)	Fluctuation
	(C)	Depletion	(D)	Amortization
(xv)	Dep	reciation is:		
	(A)	An income	(B)	An expense
	(C)	A loss	(D)	A liability
(xvi)	With	out charging depreciation, the pro	fit will	be:
	(A)	Over-stated	(B)	Under-stated
	(C)	Balanced	(D)	None of these
(xvii)	Parti	nership is formed under the Act	of:	
	(A)	1984	(B)	1932
	(C)	1912	(D)	1962
(xviii)	Goo	dwill is valued when:		
	(A)	Business is started		
	(B)	Loss is suffered		
	(C)	One year of business is compl	eted	
	(D)	A partner is admitted or retire	d	
(xix)	In ca	ase of dissolution, the payment	of unr	ecorded liability is debited to:
	(A)	Realization account	(B)	Liability account
	(C)	Revaluation account	(D)	Cash account
(xx)	Any	asset taken by a partner is debi	ted to:	
		Realization A/c		Revaluation A/c
	()		(-)	

(C) Partner's capital A/c (D) None of these

### **MODEL PAPER OF "PRINCIPLES OF ACCOUNTING"**

#### **Intermediate Part-II Examination**

#### SUBJECTIVE

Ti	me: 2:30 Hours	Marks: 80
	PART - I	
Q.2	Write Short answers to any FIVE (5) questions:	10
	(i) What is single entry system?	
	(ii) What is statement of affairs?	
	(iii) Define non-trading organization.	
	(iv) Define receipt and payment account.	
	(v) Define surplus.	
	(vi) What is legacy?	
	(vii) Define consignor.	
	(viii) What is meant by account sales?	
Q.3	Write Short answers to any FIVE (5) questions:	10
	(i) Define joint stock company.	
	(ii) Define share capital.	
	(iii) Define the term depreciation.	
	(iv) Write the name of any two methods of depreciation.	
	(v) What is obsolescence.	
	(vi) What is meant by dissolution of partnership.	
	(vii) What is goodwill	

- (vii) What is goodwill.
- (viii) Define sacrificing ratio.

#### PART - II

#### Note: Attempt any THREE of the following questions.

Q.4 Mr. Abdullah started business on 1<sup>st</sup> January, 2016 with a capital of Rs. 8,000/- on 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2016, he borrowed a sum of Rs. 2,000/- from his friend Mr.Tahir @ 9% per annum and introduced a further capital of his own amounting Rs. 4000. On 31<sup>st</sup> December 2016, his assets and liabilities (beside above) were following:

Cash Rs. 6,000, Stock Rs. 9,400/-, Debtors Rs. 7,100, Creditors Rs. 4,200.

Mr. Abdullah withdrew during the year Rs. 2,000/- for his personal use.

Ascertain the profit or loss of Mr. Abdullah during year 2016 after considering the following adjustments:

- (1) Charge interest on capital @ 10 % p.a.
- (2) Interest is unpaid on Mr. Tahir Loan.
- **Q.5** From the following receipts and payments account for the year ended 31st March 2016, prepare the Income and expenditure account and a balance sheet.

Receipts	Rs.	Payments	Rs.
Balance 1-4-2015	2,480	Salaries and wages	1,100
Subscription	3,260	Rent	1,000
Life membership fee	500	General expenses	1,100
Interest	360	Furniture	1,600
Admission fee	480	Printing expenses	250
Misc. receipts	100	Repairing charges	300
Donation for building fund	20,000	Balance 31-3-2016	21,830
	27,180		27,180
	14 D 5		

• The subscription in arrears amounted to Rs.700.

- Depreciation on furniture is 10 %
- Life membership fee to be credited to revenue.

### $(20 \times 3 = 60)$

- Q.6 Zahid Radio House of Lahore consigned 100 radios to Khurram of Faisalabad at Rs. 200 each (cost price 150 each). He paid Rs. 300 as freight and packing. The consignee is entitled to commission at 10% of gross sale proceeds. Consignee paid Rs. 1,150 as all inclusive expenses and also sent a draft of Rs. 10,000 as an advance to consignor. Khurram sold all the radios at invoice price of Rs. 200 each and submitted a final cheque with the account sales. Pass Journal Entries and prepare necessary accounts in the books of the Consignor.
- Q.7 A company issued 1000, 12% debentures of Rs.100 each. Pass Journal entries if the company issues the debentures:
  - (a) At par, redeemable at par
  - (b) At 5% discount, redeemable at par.
  - (c) At 5% premium, redeemable at par.
  - (d) At 5% discount, redeemable at 5% premium.
  - (e) At par, redeemable at 5% premium.
- Q.8 A limited company purchased on 1<sup>st</sup> July 2001 a machinery costing Rs. 160,000/-. The books are closed on 31<sup>st</sup> December every year. On 30<sup>th</sup> June 2004, it was sold for Rs.70,000/- and new machinery was purchased for Rs.180,000/- on the same date. Depreciation is charged at the rate of 15% p.a. on original cost method.

Prepare the machinery account up to 2004 in the books of company.

- Q.9 Saleem, Kaleem and Rahim trading in partnership and sharing profits and losses in the proportion of 1/2, 1/3 and 1/6 respectively agree to take Asif into the partnership on the following terms:
  - (a) Asif should be given 1/4 share and he should bring Rs. 10,000 as goodwill and Rs. 128,000 as capital.
  - (b) A reserve for bad and doubtful debts should be created at 5 %.
  - (c) The value of Land and Building should be brought up to Rs. 620,000.
  - (d) Stock should be taken at Rs. 322,600.

The following is the Balance Sheet of the firm of Saleem, Kaleem and Rahim on the date of Asif's admission.

TOP OWNERS I O ONLOL IS SAIL

	BALANCE S	HEET AS ON 31.12	2.2016	
Assets	Rs.	Liabilities		Rs.
Cash in hand	8,000	Sundry creditors		50,000
Debtors	252,000	Partner's Capitals:		
Stock	360,000	Saleem	570,000	
Land and Building	480,000	Kaleem	320,000	
		Rahim	160,000	10,50,000
	11,00,000			11,00,000

Pass Journal entries in the books of the new firm, and draft the balance sheet.

Question Type	Weight-age
MCQ's	20
Short Question	20
Long Questions	60
Total	100