

AGA KHAN UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION BOARD

SECONDARY SCHOOL CERTIFICATE

CLASS X EXAMINATION

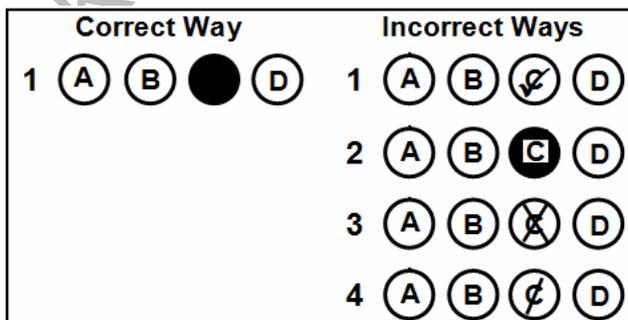
MAY 2016

Ethics Paper I

Time: 30 minutes Marks: 20

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Read each question carefully.
2. Answer the questions on the separate answer sheet provided. DO NOT write your answers on the question paper.
3. There are 100 answer numbers on the answer sheet. Use answer numbers 1 to 20 only.
4. In each question there are four choices A, B, C, D. Choose ONE. On the answer grid black out the circle for your choice with a pencil as shown below.



Candidate's Signature

5. If you want to change your answer, ERASE the first answer completely with a rubber, before blacking out a new circle.
6. DO NOT write anything in the answer grid. The computer only records what is in the circles.

1. Human beings cannot be deprived of their basic rights. An example of fundamental human right is
 - A. right to education.
 - B. right to drive a vehicle.
 - C. right to protest violently.
 - D. right to play music loudly.
2. The statement that is in line with the concept of equality before the law is:
 - A. Ehsan and Adil are not given the same punishment for committing the same crime.
 - B. Arif is given double punishment for a single mistake.
 - C. Nazim of the city is penalized for not following the traffic rules.
 - D. A high rank officer is given tax exemption.
3. A person shows respect for his neighbour's rights when he
 - A. keeps his noise level down.
 - B. invades his neighbour's privacy.
 - C. does not inform his neighbour before having a party.
 - D. always parks his car in his neighbour's space.
4. It is a violation of human rights to
 - A. deny someone's entry into armed forces on the basis of fitness.
 - B. deny peoples' right to work on ethnic basis.
 - C. give special children right to education.
 - D. give maternity leave to working women.
5. An important ethical value that a child's role model should uphold is to
 - A. look handsome.
 - B. have high qualification.
 - C. have high-paid job.
 - D. have tolerance.
6. The family is considered to be one of the most important social institutions in all human societies around the world. An important role performed by family as a social institution is that
 - A. it gives a sense of identity to its members.
 - B. it is responsible for improvement of education system.
 - C. it is responsible for the interpretation of laws.
 - D. it ensures the enforcement of state laws.
7. Several research studies have revealed that women in rural areas of Pakistan have less influence in household matters whereas urban women have almost equal say in family decision-making. The most likely reason behind this variance is
 - A. poor health facilities in rural areas of Pakistan.
 - B. poor decision making skills amongst women in rural areas of Pakistan.
 - C. the strong patriarchal system that exist in rural areas of Pakistan.
 - D. lack of democratic parties in rural areas of Pakistan.

8. It makes elders happy when children
- A. cheat during exams.
 - B. do well in their studies.
 - C. use foul language.
 - D. show less respect to elders.
9. Adil pays his gas and electricity bills regularly before the due date. This action of Adil shows that
- A. he is a law abiding citizen.
 - B. he is afraid of police.
 - C. he is a social worker.
 - D. he is a rich man.
10. National integration in Pakistan can be promoted through
- A. combined cultural heritage.
 - B. population growth.
 - C. regional politics.
 - D. industrial reforms.
11. The term patriotism can be best described as
- A. the tendency to view ones own country superior.
 - B. the love for ones own country.
 - C. the preference for foreign culture.
 - D. the sense of identity with the nation.
12. Mohammad Ali Jinnah's motto in life was
- A. unity, faith and courage.
 - B. faith, justice and good will.
 - C. unity, faith and discipline.
 - D. unity, discipline and good will.
13. One of the major evils according to Guru Nanak's teachings is
- A. dishonesty.
 - B. corruption.
 - C. jealousy.
 - D. lust.
14. Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was also a great social reformer. The farewell sermon he delivered is considered to be one of the most important and earliest charter on
- A. human rights.
 - B. economic rights.
 - C. democracy.
 - D. freedom of speech.

15. The New Testament contains the first four sacred books of Christians. These are also known as
- A. Torah.
 - B. Talmud.
 - C. Gospels.
 - D. Psalms.
16. The Ten Commandments were revealed to Prophet Moses on Mount Sinai and functioned as the code of behaviour and belief for the people of Israel. A commandment which was NOT a part of the Ten Commandments is:
- A. Do not commit adultery
 - B. Do not steal
 - C. Do not dishonour your parents
 - D. Do not give up hope
17. Immanuel Kant (1724-1804) is famous for his work in the area of
- A. history.
 - B. literature.
 - C. philosophy.
 - D. politics.
18. Florence Nightingale (1820-1910) played a vital role in the development of
- A. nursing ethics.
 - B. political ethics.
 - C. business ethics.
 - D. social work ethics.
19. Sri Aurobindo (1872-1950) was a distinguished Indian political reformer, philosopher and guru. He believed that man is
- A. a supreme creature.
 - B. a transitional creature.
 - C. a final creature.
 - D. an intelligent creature.
20. According to Imam Ghazali
- A. ethics and politics are interrelated.
 - B. ethics is an independent philosophic discipline.
 - C. ethics aims at human happiness.
 - D. ethical standards can be set by religion only.