

# PUNJAB EXAMINATION COMMISSION EXAMINATION 2016, GRADE-8

**ENGLISH PART – A (Objective Type)** 

Model Paper-1

Part-A = 48 Marks, Part-B = 52 Marks, Total = 100 Marks

	For Official Use Only					
Student Name (In Conitale)	Total Marks					
(In Capitals)	MCQs					
	Signature of					
Roll Number   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -	Examiner					
(In Figures)	Signature of					
Superintendent Signature	Head Examiner					
Superintendent Signature						
General Instructions:						
1) Read carefully and attempt all questions.						
2) Encircle the correct option with Blue/Black ink as shown in the example below.						
Example: He likes to football.						
a) plays b) playing						
c) play d) played						
3) If more than one option is circled, no marks will be given	1.					
Part-A (Multiple Choice Questions)	Time Allowed: 1 Hour					
Instructions:-Thirty two (32) Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) are given in this part.  Each question carries 1.5 marks.						
Q. No.1. The abstract noun among the following is:						
a) river b) calen	b) calendar					
c) school d) happ	d) happiness					
Q. No.2. Improve your vocabulary to effective	vely.					
a) communicate b) cumr	b) cummunicate					
c) comunicate d) comu	d) comunecate					
Q. No.3. You are getting late for school. What will you say to your brother/sister who is						
preparing slowly for school?						
a) I have no time to go for a walk. b) Hurry	b) Hurry up! We need to be on time.					
	t steal from anyone.					

Q. No.4.	4. How many syllables are there in the word "poetry"?				
	a) 5	b) 2	c) 3	d) 4	
Q. No.5.	was present in the class except Aslam.				
	a) Anybody		b) Someone		
	c) Everybody		d) Anyone		
Q. No.6. The word "we" is:					
	a) Noun	b) Verb	c) Adjective	d) Pronoun	
Q. No.7.	Shazia and I like read	ling	same kind of books.		
	a) the	b) a	c) an	d) any	
Q. No.8.	We fo	or a walk daily.			
	a) going	b) go	c) goes	d) gone	
Q. No.9.	The word "often" is:				
	a) Adverb	b) Conjunction	c) Adjective	d) Pronoun	
Q. No.10. The correct sentence is:					
	<ul><li>a) The father advised his son to work hard.</li><li>b) The father advised his son to works hard.</li><li>c) The father advised his son to worked hard.</li><li>d) The father advised his son to working hard.</li></ul>				
Q. No.11. The adjective of noun "benefit" is:					
	a) benefitted	b) beneficial	c) benefitting	d) benefits	
Q. No.12. He cannot sing anymore on account his failing health.					
	a) for	b) at	c) of	d) from	
Q. No.13	. "Ali" is:				
	a) Verb	b) Noun	c) Adjective	d) Adverb	
Q. No.14. The sentence with correct capitalization is:					
	<ul><li>a) My Favourite Subject is English.</li><li>b) my favourite subject is english.</li><li>c) My favourite subject is English.</li><li>d) My favourite subject is english.</li></ul>				
Q. No.15. Choose the correct punctuation mark to fill in the blank.					
	We took colouring bo	ooks colouring	pencils and many ga	ames on vacation.	
	a) ,	b) ?	c)!	d) " "	
Q. No.16	. The word "generous"	is:			
	a) Adjective	b) Adverb	c) Noun	d) Preposition	
Q. No.17. The peon has cleaned the rooms.					
	The passive voice of t	he above given sente	ence is:		
	<ul><li>a) The peon had cleaned the rooms.</li><li>b) The rooms had been cleaned by the peon.</li><li>c) The rooms have been cleaned by the peon.</li><li>d) The peon cleaned the rooms.</li></ul>				

## Q. No.18. He said, "I take tea."

#### The indirect narration of the above sentence is:

a) He said that I take tea.

b) He said that he taken tea.

c) He said that he took tea.

d) He said that I took tea.

# **♣** Read the passage carefully and answer the Q. No. 19, 20, 21, 22, and 23.

Alexander Graham Bell was born in Scotland. He was born in 1847 in Scotland and later went to America where he invented the telephone. Telephone is a great facility indeed. It has not only reduced distances, but given a great motivation to business. A lot of work has continued to be done since Bell's days. The invention of mobile has revolutionized the history of telephone. Now the era of strings and old receiver dials is a thing of past. These have been replaced by smart and handy mobiles. These mobiles have the facilities of internet, email, voice recorder and games, etc. In short mobiles have revolutionized the world we are living in by creating effective mode of communication.



Figure 1. Alexander Graham Bell

## Q. No.19. When Graham Bell invented the telephone he was in:

a) Scotland

b) Ireland

c) America

d) Australia

#### Q. No.20. The word "revolutionized" means:

a) past

b) outdated

c) old

d) changed

## Q. No.21. According to the passage, what has replaced the old phones?

a) Computers

b) Televisions

c) Mobiles

d) Laptops

#### Q. No.22. The main idea of the passage is:

- a) telephone of the past
- b) telephone as a great facility
- c) the games in telephone
- d) easy business on telephone

## Q. No.23. The mobiles have completely modernized our world by:

- a) making communication more efficient and faster.
- b) changing the era of strings and receiver dials.
- c) providing voice recording facility in the mobile phones
- d) providing games to be played in free time.

# ♣ Read the passage carefully and answer the Q. No. 24, 25, 26, and 27.

Sui gas has become very popular in these days. We use it to cook food, to run our factories and to heat our rooms. However we need to be careful with Sui gas. If we use a gas room heater in our bedroom, we must make sure that the fire is off and there is no gas leakage before we go to sleep. If the gas heater remains on at night, the fire is likely to consume all oxygen in the room leaving none for us to breathe. The result in such cases is suffocation leading to death.

## Q. No.24. The correct topic sentence is:

- a) Fire can consume all oxygen in the room.
- b) Sui gas has become very popular in these days.
- c) Sui gas needs to be used carefully.
- d) Careless usage of Sui gas can lead to suffocation.

## O. No.25. Careless use of Sui gas is:

a) beneficial for life

b) valuable for life

c) dangerous to life

d) helpful for life

# Q. No.26. We can save Sui gas by:

- a) excessive gas leakage
- b) using it with care

c) handling it casually

d) burning more heaters

# Q. No.27. What is meant by "to run our factories" in the passage?

- a) stop work at factories
- b) run away from factories

c) go to factories

d) keep factories working

# 4 Read the stanza carefully and answer the Q. No. 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32.

All in a hot and copper sky,

The bloody sun, at noon;

Right up above the mast did stand,

No bigger than the moon.

Day after day, day after day,

We stuck, nor breath nor motion;

As idle as a painted ship,

Upon a painted ocean.



## Q. No.28. The stanza is about:

- a) colour of sky
- b) hot sun
- c) big ocean
- d) moon and stars

#### Q. No.29. According to the poem, the sky was like copper due to:

- a) sun
- b) star
- c) water
- d) moon

## Q. No.30. What was standing above the mast?

- a) The Moon
- b) The Noon
- c) The Sun
- d) The Sea

## Q. No.31. The word "noon" means:

- a) Midday
- b) Evening
- c) Morning
- d) Night

## Q. No.32. In the third last line "breath" refers to:

- a) means to live
- b) hot air
- c) narrow space
- d) a light wind