



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Roll No. ....

Third Semester 2015  
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

**PAPER: Introduction to Philosophy**  
**Course Code: PHIL-211**

**TIME ALLOWED: 30 mins.**  
**MAX. MARKS: 10**

*Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.*

## OBJECTIVE TYPE

Note: Attempt all questions on question paper. Cutting, overwriting or double marking of the option is not allowed and it will be considered as a mistake.

**Q.I. Circle the correct option: (10)**

1. Science does not progress by \_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_\_, but by a series of paradigm shifts.

- Conjecture & refutation
- Concentration & reputation
- Conjunction & reputation
- Conjecture & reputation

2. Some philosophers have even declared that philosophy itself is part of science. Range of such views is termed as

- Scientistism
- Science

- Scientism
- Cynicism

3. Who argued that moral requirements are based on a standard of rationality he dubbed the "Categorical Imperative" (CI).

- Kant
- Pythagoras

- Protagoras
- Aristotle

4. 'I think therefore I am' was said by

- Aristotle
- Plato

- Descartes
- Kant

5. \_\_\_\_\_ is a set of beliefs and practices about how to lead a good life.

- Ethics
- Values

- Morality
- Norms

6. The idea of falsification was given by

- Karl Popper
- Aristotle
- Avicenna
- Ibn Rushd

7. Which of the following branches of philosophy does not involve questions related to values?

Moral  
Social

Metaphysics  
Political

8. Kant described the intentions behind any act as the

Maximum  
Maxim

Maxium  
Axiom

9. The Greek word used by Aristotle for flourishing was

Eudaimonia  
Eufamonia  
Eudazomia  
pseudomonia

10. Mind and body are different substances according to

Monism  
Monarchy

Dualism  
Imperialism

11. A philosophical \_\_\_\_\_ is a being which is a perfect duplicate of a normal human being.

Robot  
Machine

Zombie  
None of the above

12. It is obvious that the \_\_\_\_\_ give knowledge of its kind

Senses  
Sensation

Behaviors  
Perception

13. What a theory of mind should do

Make sense of consciousness

Avoid commitment to irreducibly non-physical states, events or substances

Explain the causal role of mental state

All of the above

14. Atheist are the ones who

Believe in God

Don't believe in God

Believe to some extent

Are strictly religious

15. It is called the philosophy of philosophy.

Betaphilosophy  
Metaphilosophy  
Epistemology  
Philosophique

16. \_\_\_\_\_ is a set of beliefs and practices about how to lead a good life.

Ethics  
Values  
Morality  
Norms

17. The study of arguments is called

Logic  
Metaphysics  
Epistemology  
Ethics

18. Plato and Aristotle were the \_\_\_\_\_ Philosophers

Latin  
Muslim  
Greek  
American

19. The essence of Philosophy is to search the ultimate and absolute

Reality  
Exceptions  
truth  
arguments

20. \_\_\_\_\_ is a kind of logical inference described as "guessing".

Inductive  
Addictive  
Deductive  
Abductive



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Third Semester 2015  
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

Roll No. ....

PAPER: Introduction to Philosophy  
Course Code: PHIL-211

TIME ALLOWED: 2 hrs. & 30 mins.  
MAX. MARKS: 50

*Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.*

## **SUBJECTIVE TYPE**

**Q. II. Give short answers: (20)**

1. What is Art? (2)
2. Differentiate between inductive and deductive approach (2)
3. Define Epistemology. (2)
4. What is moral judgment? (2)
5. What is phenomenism? (2)
6. Write two similarities between philosophy and religion. (2)
7. What is required for a statement to be meaningful? (2)
8. Define Falsification. (2)
9. Why Reason alone is not sufficient for Morality? (2)
10. What is the difference between philosophy and metaphysics? (2)

## **SUBJECTIVE TYPE**

**Note: Answer all questions. There is no choice. All questions carry equal marks**

1. Name and define various theories of Art. Write in detail about any one theory with its criticism. (5+10)
2. Define Religion. Differentiate between Teleological, Ontological and Cosmological argument? (3+12)